

For September Trade

New Goods Arriving Daily in All Departments.

New China and Crockery.

New Jardiniere Stands.

New Lamps of all kinds.

Fresh line of Confectionery, Toilet Soaps and Elysian Perfumes and Toilet Articles.

\$1.00 Vulcan Stylo Fountain Pen \$1.00
The best \$1.00 Fountain Pen made.

House : Furnishing : Goods

of every description and a full line of

FURNITURE.

The Little Giant Bean Harvester,

The best on earth. See it before you buy.

Peninsular and Jewel Ranges,

Wood Heating and Cook Stoves,

Coal Stoves of all kinds.

Lamb Woven Wire Fence, the best fence on the market, always on hand at lowest prices. See our line of Bean Harvesters.

HOLMES & WALKER

Clothing Made by Webster

ALWAYS

Fits Well,

Looks Well,

Wears Well.

We are offering special inducements for the balance of the season on all summer goods. Come in and see us.

J. GEO. WEBSTER,
Merchant Tailor.

Millinery Opening.

We cordially invite you to attend our Annual Fall Millinery Opening : : :

Thursday and Friday, Oct. 1 and 2

We invite you to come and see our superb line of

Up-to-Date Millinery, Etc.

It equals any and has no superior.

MILLER SISTERS.

Subscribe for the Herald Now.

WEDDED ALMOST A LIFETIME.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Weber, sr., Celebrated Their 60th Anniversary Sept. 18.

Mention was made in last week's Herald that on Friday, Sept. 18, Mr. and Mrs. Simon Weber, sr., of this place, would celebrate the 60th anniversary of their wedded life and attain a distinction that falls to the lot of but few people. This week we present to our readers a picture of this worthy couple together with a brief history of their life.

In August, 1843, they landed on the shores of America, after a two months' voyage on a sailing ship, from their native home in Germany, a young man and a young woman named respectively Simon Weber and Genevieve Hauser. They were born in the same village in Germany, he on Dec. 4, 1814, and she on Nov. 3, 1818. They left their native home together in May, 1843, and sailed for America, as many others of their fellow countrymen have done, to better their fortunes. Mr. Weber had served for five years in the great standing army of King Frederick William, and had had all of military experience that he wished for.

They came to Lima township and both went to work on the large farm of Gen. Williams. They were married Sept. 18, 1843, walking from Gen. Williams' farm to Ann Arbor, and there taking the train to Detroit.



MR. AND MRS. SIMON WEBER, SR.

The marriage ceremony was performed at St. Mary's Roman Catholic church on Croghan street, by Rev. Fr. Kalb, and the newly married couple returned to Lima the same way as they went.

Both again went to work for Gen. Williams and the first 2½ years of their wedded life were spent in his employ. They received for their joint services \$150 for the first year and a raise of \$10 the second year. Mr. and Mrs. Weber were frugal and saving in their habits and after leaving the Williams' farm they took up 40 acres of land from Uncle Sam, which they still own. From time to time they added to this original holding, until they owned 520 acres of land in all, and besides that a house and six lots in Chelsea, where they now reside.

Seven children in all were born to Mr. and Mrs. Weber, six of whom Mrs. Kate Forner, of Henrietta, Joseph Weber, of Chelsea, Simon and John Weber and Mrs. Lizzie Merkel, of Sylvan, Mrs. Julia Hummel, of Chelsea, survive. The oldest child died 58 years ago, and remarkable to relate there has not been a death in their family since. Besides their six living children they have had 33 grandchildren and eight great grandchildren, all of whom are living but three.

Mr. Weber's health is quite poor and he recently had a severe attack of illness that nearly proved fatal. Mrs. Weber is badly troubled with rheumatism, but despite this affliction and her advanced age is bright and sprightly in her actions.

Death of Wm. K. Barker.

The remains of Wm. K. Barker, who in his boyhood days lived with his parents on the farm now owned by Martin Merkel, in Sylvan, were brought here Wednesday from Oak Grove, Ill., where he died Tuesday, aged 57 years. His brother Marshall, who lived with him, came home from his work and found him dead. He had been in poor health for some time. The interment was in the family lot in the Vermont cemetery.

Miss Anna Corey will leave next week for St. Joseph's Academy, Adrian, where she will attend school this year.

REGIMENTAL REUNION.

The "Stonewall" Boys Held Their Annual Meeting and Banquet in Chelsea.

Sixty of the surviving members of the 17th Michigan Infantry, the gallant old "Stonewall" regiment, were present at the 24th annual reunion held in Chelsea last Thursday, Sept. 17, which was the 41st anniversary of the battle of Antietam, one of the most famous of the 40 battles which the regiment was engaged in during the War of the Rebellion.

The old boys, some of them accompanied by their wives, established their headquarters at the Glazier Memorial Building, which was an animated place all day long.

At the business meeting held during the afternoon, the following officers for the ensuing year were elected:

President—John Havens, Grass Lake.

Vice President—J. Bath, Jackson. Secretary and Treasurer—T. E. Wood, Chelsea.

It was decided to hold the next meeting in Grass Lake, Sept. 14, 1904.

At 6 o'clock in the evening a banquet was served in the town hall by the ladies of the W. R. C., to which the veterans and their invited guests to the number of over 100 in all sat down. The hall was decorated with the national colors and the names of the principal battles in which the regiment was present, printed on cards, were suspended on the walls around the room. The banquet was one of those good, bountiful, substantial meals which the Chelsea ladies know so well how to get up, and it was thoroughly enjoyed by all.

Supper over, the president of the association, Theo. E. Wood, of Chelsea, in his capacity as toastmaster, welcomed the comrades of the old 17th to Chelsea. He expressed his delight at seeing realized the desire of his heart to have the annual reunion of his old regiment held at his old home before he died.

A poem written by Comrade A. J. Wood, of Chicago, brother of the president of the evening, entitled "The Boys in Blue," was then read by Mrs. C. E. Stimson. It was received with a round of applause.

Col. F. W. Swift, of Detroit, was the first speaker called upon. He was one of the three colonels who commanded the regiment during its period of service. The other two, Col. W. H. Withington, of Jackson, and Col. C. G. Luce, of Monroe, have died during the past year, and it was with streaming eyes and a voice at times so choked by emotion he could scarcely speak, that Col. Swift spoke of these two dead comrades, also of Austin George, of Ypsilanti, who had died since the last reunion. He gave a brief history of the life and deeds of Col. Withington, and told of the battle of South Mountain, where the 17th Michigan, a newly raised, untried and undrilled regiment gained its glorious name of the "Stonewall" regiment, by charging up the hill and annihilating Drayton's brigade of Hill's division.

On motion of Col. Swift, and by a rising vote, the members passed resolutions of respect in memory of Col. Withington and Luce and Private Austin George.

Comrade Irwin Shepard, of Winona, Minn., who lived in Sylvan before the war, was the next speaker. He gave a glowing account of a recent trip to Knoxville, Tenn., coupling it with war reminiscences in connection with the 17th regiment and that place, and the present state of feeling that exists in the South with respect to the North.

Major Geo. H. Hopkins, of Detroit, made a few brief remarks.

Comrade D. W. Bruce, of Washington, D. C., related an incident of the battle of Lenore Station, where he lost his leg and gained a curious little barrel shaped canteen which he had with him on exhibition.

Comrade Gabriel Campbell, of Dartmouth, N. H., contributed an original poem "The Charge of the Stonewall Regiment," which was read by Toastmaster Wood.

Capt. Wm. Weininger, of Grand Rapids, was the last speaker, and made an excellent speech which his hearers would like to have had more of.

President Wood thanked the members of the association for their attendance at this reunion, which had made it such a success, and the meeting was closed by singing "America."

County W. C. T. U. Jubilee Meeting.

The Washtenaw county W. C. T. U. held its annual meeting in Ypsilanti Thursday and Friday. It was the silver anniversary meeting, the county union having been organized in Ypsilanti 25 years ago, and during their stay the members called on Mrs. Ann Bassett, who was an officer of the union in those early days of its history.

The reports of the various unions of the county showed them to be in a prosperous condition.

Mrs. Spafard, of Manchester, in the course of a paper entitled "The needs of the day," advocated a more stringent system of marriage laws.

The convention sent a petition to the United States senate to refuse admission to Reed Smoot, of Utah, if he be proved a polygamist.

The following officers were elected:

President—Mrs. H. C. Thompson, Salem.

Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. E. A. Beall, Ypsilanti.

Recording Secretary—Mrs. Allie Austin, Salem.

Treasurer—Mrs. Minnie Warner, Saline.

Vice Presidents—Mrs. Elva Green, Ypsilanti; Mrs. S. M. Spafard, Manchester; Mrs. M. L. Boyd, Chelsea; Mrs. E. C. Hill, Saline; Mrs. E. A. Hawley, Ann Arbor.

List of Jurors for October Term.

The following is the list of petit jurors drawn for the October term of the circuit court, and who are to report at the court house Monday, Oct. 5:

Bridgewater—Frank Rawson and Theodore Westfall.

Dexter—Daniel Stoffer.

Freedom—John Staebler.

Lima—George Savary.

Lodi—William Clements.

Lyndon—Charles A. Clark.

Manchester—George Pardee.

Northfield—Floyd Peebles.

Pittsfield—Ira Biddle.

Salem—Henry VanAkin.

Saline—William Clough.

Scioto—William Stierle.

Sharon—William R. Mount.

Superior—W. H. Mullholland.

Sylvan—

Webster—John Alexander.

York—Martin Schantz.

Ypsilanti town—Fred Slayton.

Ypsilanti city—

1st district—Reed Darling.

2d district—Ed. Carroll.

Ann Arbor city—

1st ward—Ben F. Wetts.

2d ward—Michael Brenner.

3d ward—George Kusterer.

4th ward—Oscar Jackson.

5th ward—Milton Perkins.

6th ward—Fred Barker.

7th ward—Fred Harpst.

Ann Arbor town—S. B. Winans.

Augusta—William Johnson.

A Boy's Wild Ride for Life.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, 18 miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma, but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvellous cures of consumption, pneumonia, bronchitis, coughs, colds and grip prove its matchless merit for all throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

The Higball is equal to the best grades of 50 cigars that are made.

New Fancies for Wedding Gifts.

Selections more charming cannot be found, nor values more pleasing. New arrivals in

Sterling Silver.

Silver Plate.

Fancy Clocks.

Art Wares.

Fancy Hand-

Painted China

in all designs, fully representative of the best in design and quality, while we always name lowest prices.

Examine our line of

Up-to-Date Stationery

ranging in price from 10c to 75c per box.

A winner at 25c. a box.

We are after your patronage and if goods and prices count we are bound to win.

Yours for new goods,

FENN & VOGEL.

Druggists. Grocers.

Choice Meats.

We always have on hand a

Choice Stock of

Beef, Pork, Mutton

Lard,

and Poultry.

Come in and try some

of our

Prime Young Meats.

ADAM EPPLER.

Hot Weather Goods.

Ice Cream

of the finest flavors and purest quality served at all times.

Soda Water

with the best Crushed Fruit Juices of all kinds.

Bread, Cakes and Pies fresh every day. Come and see me.

WILLIAM CASPARY

SMOKE

Schussler's new brand of Cigars

"OLD JUD."

Equal to any of the best of the high grade Cigars that are on the market.

MANUFACTURED BY

SCHUSSLER BROS., Chelsea.

THE MICHIGAN NEWS

Showing What's Doing in All Sections of the State

When talking machine disks take the place of books, how are we going to skip?

Vice Consul Magelssen had a narrow escape, but Turkey had a much narrower one.

Sir Thomas Lipton has just about made up his mind that it is impossible to do the impossible.

At the worst, Commander Perry can lose only three more toes in his next dash for the pole.

Let Herreshoff make the yachts for the Yankee nation, and nobody cares who makes the challengers.

Nicholas cannot understand why any of his subjects should want to have dynamite go off under his chair.

Physicians advise the public to boil the water and to boil the milk, but not a word is said about boiling the beer.

Mrs. Langtry's disrobing scene in her new play is advertised as "mild," and yet she hopes for a successful season.

They say that Shamrock III. is a prettier boat than the Reliance. No doubt there are prettier mares than Lou Dillon.

Evidently the only way Capt. Hobson can put an end to these annoying rumors predicting his marriage is to get married.

Only half as many diamonds were imported during July, 1903, as in July, 1902. No statistics of diamonds smuggled are available.

More than 2,000,000 children are born in this country every year—each of which seems to its admiring parents the most important.

"Society Tennis" is the heading of an eastern paper. "Love 40" and "deuce," with exclamation points, seem to be intended.

The New York Times prints a long editorial on "Women and Radium," and never so much as mentions which is the more valuable.

A great many ducks are wondering what all this loud, popping noise means that greets them whenever they hover over a pond.

If Sir Thomas is really willing to sell the Shamrock for a song, some people would be more than willing to swap "Hiawatha" for her.

Bulgaria does not want to do any fighting when a lot of big fellows are standing around for the purpose of seeing that it does not hurt any one.

Sir Thomas wishes to sell his Shamrock. Is there not some enterprising city that would like to buy one and set it up in a public square as a decoration.

A casual review of the circumstances attending his own rise to the throne should assure King Peter that bullet-proof underwear is essential to his health.

After five years of life the Paris journal run by women has suspended. This may prove that the Chicago sisters were wise in taking their venture out in talk.

"Reputation," says Little Henry to readers of the Chicago Tribune, "is what a prize fighter has to go and get. Karakter is what the cook has to bring with her."

Another reason for believing that the American girl should marry an American man is the fact that in a vast majority of instances that is just what the American girl does.

Some of the principles of sport are queer. Sir Thomas, for instance, is expected to be consoled by the fact that the evidence showing his boat to be wholly inferior was absolutely conclusive.

Though the weapon used by the "assassin" who attacked Premier Combes was an overripe tomato, it is not safe to infer that there was anything soft about the stones thrown at King Peter.

"It may not be next year," says Sir Thomas, "or even the year after, but I am coming back after the cup." We feel authorized to say that Sir Thomas' time allowance will be extended as long as he desires.

The Rochester Union and Advertiser wants to know whether women will be given any of the advantages of the new Pulitzer school of journalism. Certainly. They will have an opportunity to read the improved newspapers.

An Indian Territory paper reports that a man caught a hardshell turtle in the Washita river a few days ago that measured three and a half feet in length and weighed seventy pounds. This may be considered the greatest snap of the season.

Work for State Troops.

The following schedule of exercises, so far as the state troops are concerned, has been arranged for the army maneuvers which will be held on Sept. 25 to Oct. 16, at West Point, Ky., under the command of Maj.-Gen. Bates, U. S. A. In addition to this program, there will be a general discussion every evening of the work done during the day and at frequent intervals during the maneuvers there will be numerous lectures by officers of the regular army, who are recognized experts on such subjects as "strategy," "military hygiene," "modern arms and projectiles," "arm transportation," "subsistence of armies," "methods of administration in the quartermaster's department." After Oct. 1, the day on which the militia will arrive in camp, both regulars and militia will take part in the maneuvers.

Sept. 30—Militia leave home stations.

Oct. 1—Construction of intrenchments. Militia arrive and establish camp.

Oct. 2—Series of nine maneuvers, in the formation of an advance guard.

Oct. 3—Instruction of militia officers in the construction of intrenchments. Battalion drill in forenoon and afternoon.

Oct. 4—Sunday, divine service; troops march out to bivouac in positions for tactical exercises on the following day.

Oct. 5—Attack and defense of an outpost.

Oct. 6—Forenoon, regimental drill; afternoon, review of the division.

Oct. 7—Forenoon, march of a division and deployment of battle; afternoon, mounted parade.

Oct. 8—Forenoon, brigade drill; evening, troops march out and bivouac in positions for the maneuvers of the following day.

Oct. 9—Contest of opposing forces involving attack and defense.

Oct. 10—Militia break camp at noon.

Claim a Good Defense.

The Sault Ste. Marie authorities are not worrying in the least over the suit for \$68,503 that the government was to institute for alleged breach of contract in the water supply at Fort Brady. It is charged that, owing to the lack of adequate water pressure, the barracks building was destroyed last winter, and the government sues to recover the value of the building from the municipality. It is believed the city has a complete defense that cannot be broken down by Uncle Sam. The main contention that will be advanced is that the contract under which the suit is brought is invalid, it appearing that it was signed by the mayor without authorization having first been given by the council, as is provided by the city charter. There are other strong points that will be brought out by the defense concerning which nothing will be said until the time of the trial.

Game Warden Found Guilty.

Deputy Game Warden Bert Spafford, of Cadillac, was found guilty of manslaughter for shooting Chris McLane, an old soldier, while attempting to arrest him. McLane and some others were spearing fish on Round lake when Spafford came upon them. He jumped ashore from his boat with his gun in his hands and ran at McLane. The latter is said to have run a fish spear through Spafford's clothes, but the charge went into McLane's back, and the body was lying on its face when found, showing that he had been getting away when shot. The court granted Spafford a stay of proceedings until Oct. 12, with bonds of \$5,000.

Dropped Dead.

Balaam Dodge, a wealthy fruit grower of Bainbridge township, dropped dead while packing peaches. Dodge's wife died suddenly during a rush of strawberry picking one year ago, while his son-in-law, Peter Smith, was murdered two years ago last July while driving a binder in the wheat field adjoining the Dodge farm. Dodge's age was 75 years. He was worth \$200,000 and was the first settler in Bainbridge township. Having finished packing a bushel of peaches he had just picked, he exclaimed, "I am gone," and dropped dead, result of heart failure.

The Tents in Transit.

Quartermaster-General Kidd is looking for a carload of tents for the national guard, which was shipped from Washington September 5. The tents are needed for the state troops at West Point, Ky., and since they were sent from Washington the quartermaster learns that the tents should be forwarded to West Point for distribution among the troops instead of at the home armories. If it takes as long to get the tents to Kentucky as it has to get them from Washington they will not arrive there on time.

Bar or No Bar.

Baxter Brown, a hotel man at Henderson, is making himself unpopular because of his determined efforts to put a bar in his hotel. The Henderson people are not prohibitionists, but are determined not to have a saloon there. Brown is being opposed by the Odd Fellows, Macabees and Gleaners, who own the building in which Brown has his hotel. Their lodge rooms are directly over his proposed bar, and they mean to fight him to a finish.

Railroad Tax Cases.

It is expected that the testimony in the case brought by the railroads to set aside the assessment of their properties will be taken in Lansing before the clerk of the United States court at Grand Rapids. It is announced that the railroads will commence taking testimony in support of their case September 20, and the board of state auditors has given them permission to use the senate chamber and committee rooms, upon the request of the attorney-general. The state will not take testimony until after the railroads have concluded.

Gloomy Days at the Soo.

The closing down of the various industries of the Consolidated Lake Superior Co. has proved a paralyzing blow to the Canadian Soo and is seriously felt on this side of the river by the merchants and a large number who were employed across the river, forming a portion of the 3,500 men thrown out of employment without notice and in many instances without pay. It is estimated that the daily payroll of the various industries amounted to from \$6,500 to \$7,000 a day.

The American Soo participates in the general gloom, but to a lesser extent. It is true many of the merchants have been hit through it, but none seriously. The American Caribide works are going on as usual in the work of completing their plant, and a large force of men is at work, and will remain at work. The industries of this city are neither destroyed nor paralyzed, and it is not for a moment believed that the suspense of work over the river is anything but temporary.

A Ripping Fight.

A farmer near Menominee claims to have seen a bull versus bear contest without going near Wall street. A she bear with cubs had got into the pasture and got into an argument with the bull, when the farmer was attracted by the noise. The bull was circling around and charging wherever he saw an opening, while the bear was using her claws on him whenever he came within reach. At last the bull got the opening he sought for, and charging in, ran the bear through the shoulder and pinned her to the fence long enough for the farmer to get in with the ax to decide the fight.

Wife Deserter Law in Doubt.

There is a decided opinion in legal circles in Lansing that the Simons wife-deserter law is unconstitutional. The weak point in the law is said to be the provision which confers upon the courts the power to practically parole the accused after conviction in case he gives a bond to support his family. This is said to be an attempt to confer executive powers upon the judiciary.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Lawrence is setting up a howl for water and electric lights.

Fake directory men are "doing" village merchants all over the state.

Buyers say that peaches are two weeks earlier than usual this year.

Quite a bunch of Keyes live at Henderson—17 members of the family.

Bunyeas Siding will come to the front with a brass band this winter.

Kalamazoo, with a population of 30,000, has eight banks, all prosperous.

During the past four weeks 500 bushels of berries were shipped from Estey.

Michigan's land area is 57,430 square miles; water area, 1,485 square miles.

It is estimated the cranberry crop in St. Joe vicinity will reach 6,000 bushels.

Lenawee county has 35 active granges, 26 of which meet in halls of their own.

Dowagiac barbers have organized and declare that 13 hours daily shaving is enough.

Over 8,000 Hollanders reside in Kalamazoo, and are a thrifty, industrious contingent.

Many Rockwood farmers complain of recent heavy rains rotting their potatoes in the ground.

A company has been formed to manufacture peat in Eaton county, capitalized at \$300,000.

The government looks at the Soo are to be represented by a model at the St. Louis exposition.

In the Au Gres swamps sugar beets have been raised which weigh three and three-fourths pounds.

Coldwater has aspirations of becoming a great electric railway center with all its proposed branch lines.

Norm P. Cumming's 600-acre farm near Dowagiac has been sold to "Billy" Lorimer for \$60,000.

Calhoun county's circuit court calendar is the largest in its history, there being 175 cases slated for trial.

The new \$15,000 Catholic church at Spaulding will, when completed, be the finest in Menominee county.

Several parties of Indiana home-seekers are looking over Oscoda county with a view to locating there.

During August 282 boats of a total tonnage of 204,542 passed through Portage Lake ship canals, upbound.

While hunting, a Menominee man captured a two-headed snake. It is green, 16 inches long and harmless.

Mrs. R. C. Poole, who died at her home near Battle Creek, was the first white child born in Calhoun county.

Partridge are being shot in large numbers in Marquette county, despite the fact that open season is some weeks away.

Grand Rapids has been promised by Congressman Foss, of Chicago, that one of the new warships shall have her name.

A. L. Brightun, a Berrien county gunner on the battleship Alabama, has broken the world's target record with a 13-inch gun.

While berrying, Henry Cramer, of Prescott, was bitten by a 10-foot blow snake. His hand and body are badly swollen and he may die.

The mascot of a Jackson engine house is a young raccoon who is as nimble as a monkey and knows the alarms as well as the men.

Early potatoes are nearly all rotting in the hill and the bean crop is seriously damaged by the continued rainy weather.

Seven brothers and two sisters of the Palmer family, met at Vassar recently whose combined age is 472 years. All are hale and hearty.

The last stage coach carrying mail in Grand Traverse county has just been laid off. Traverse City was once a great stage center.

The biggest deal in Holstein cattle in the state was completed when the Eastern Michigan asylum sold 15 head to a New York man for \$1,260.

The Redford fair was a success despite bad weather. After all debts are paid there will be a balance on the credit side of the ledger.

Saginaw capitalists have purchased 320 acres of land near Omer in which there is an immense bed of clay. They will erect a big brick plant there.

Five boarders in a Bay City house were poisoned from eating beans on the vines of which paris green had been sprinkled while they were growing.

Michigan strawberries at 50 cents a quart have been dished up to Chicago good eaters within the last few days. The fruit is obtained from a second crop.

An altercation between two families at Tamarack over a measly little chicken resulted in their becoming sworn enemies, and paying two \$10 fines.

On orders from President Shields, who is in New York, all Lake Superior Consolidated properties that have not already been shut down, closed Friday night.

While tramping through his woods in Mecosta county, Henry Hoffman fell and broke a leg. He lay there 60 hours before being discovered by neighbors.

A Baroda farmer boasts a freak chicken having three legs and 17 toes. It rests securely on the middle leg and scratches most energetically with the others.

The West Michigan state fair opened in Grand Rapids Monday with more and better exhibits than have ever been shown in previous years. The attendance was light.

With a small steam launch, a raft and assisted by three men, a Lansing man is doing a thriving business sending to his town stone raised from the river below Diamond Lake.

Sixty-three survivors of the Tenth Michigan Infantry, Col. Lum's old command, met in annual reunion in Flint Monday. Gaines Station will be the scene of the next reunion.

Chief of Police Antiau has laid down the law that there will be no more street loafing in Monroe. Seven men have been arrested and fined or sent to jail for violating the rule.

The school census just taken shows that there are 1,833 children of school age in Monroe, a gain of 104 over last year. The fourth ward has exactly the same number of children as last year.

A charter has been granted to Grover, also called South Lake Linden, to incorporate as the village of Hubbell in honor of the late Jay A. Hubbell, father of the Michigan College of Mines.

There will be no surplus in the treasury of the West Michigan State Fair association this year. Secretary French said that he feared the receipts for the week would not defray expenses.

Former Judge of Probate N. A. Reynolds, of Coldwater, becomes a member of the board of control of the public school by appointment of Gov. Bliss, to succeed Caleb D. Randall, who recently died.

Charles Willwer, of Pigeon, who operated cheese factories at both Pigeon and Kilmannagh, Huron county, has made an assignment to the Farmers' bank at the former place. His liabilities were about \$5,000 and his assets about \$4,000.

It was a sad day for those Niles men who thought they had discovered oil in a bubbling portion of St. Joe river. A company was formed to drill the river full of holes, but they found the bubbles came from crawfish holes.

As a result of the recent anti-Jewish agitation among the laboring classes at Cardiff, Wales, and in its neighborhood, 100 Jewish employees of the Dowdalls works left Merthyr Tydvil on their way to America.

Having sold for \$1,800 the burned hulk of the steamer Maria, which took fire and was towed out into the bay to burn, a Bayonne, N. J., oil company is much surprised to learn that the cargo of oil and naphtha, worth \$40,000, had escaped destruction.

Charles H. Leeds, the wealthy boy-mayor of Stamford, Conn., has so little to do that he intends beginning a three-years' course in political science and other subjects in Yale this fall. He says he can serve the city faithfully as well.

William J. Pearce, of Pontiac, has been missing one month. The day before he disappeared from the Wabash hotel, Detroit, he was struck in the head by a stone falling from an elevator in his quarry and his family fears he is wandering around in a demented condition, as a result of the accident.

A peculiar fact is told in connection with the death of Jasper Simons, of Battle Creek, the 70-year-old pioneer who was killed by a Michigan Central train a few days ago. Simons was the youngest of 11 children, and not until he had reached the age of 47 years did any of his brothers or sisters pass away.

An attempt to wreck the Lehigh express on the Grand Trunk, due in Flint at 10:30 Monday night from Chicago, was frustrated by the timely discovery of hardwood stakes driven in the crossing of the railway at the Wagon works, and planks wedged in such a manner as to make derailment sure.

Will Granger, a berry grower living a few miles from Benton Harbor, shipped two cases of fine strawberries to Chicago and has received 28 cents a quart. The berries are of the Haviland variety and local growers will make an effort to grow a September crop of strawberries on a large scale next year.

NEWS OF THE WORLD

A Brief Chronicle of All Important Happenings

HURRICANE KILLED FIFTY.

Shores of the Ocean for Miles Were strewn With Wrecks.

Fifty lives are known to have been lost in the storm which swept the Atlantic coast Wednesday and it is believed this number will be greatly exceeded when all reports are in.

The property loss in and about New York is now estimated at more than \$5,000,000.

According to captain of police boat patrol, fully 120 boats were wrecked between Hell Gate and Bath Beach in East river and in New York harbor.

One of the most thrilling stories of disaster is that of the excursion and freight steamer, S. E. Spring, which was driven ashore near the country mansion of E. C. Benedict, at Greenwich, Conn. Capt. McDonald, his crew of 17 and 11 passengers, were rescued largely through the aid of the Benedict servants.

The Spring was trying to put back to Stamford and the gale had reached a velocity of 80 miles an hour when the rudder failed and the steamer floundered at the mercy of the huge seas which swept over her. The panic-stricken passengers fled to the upper deck, where they sought refuge in the cabins, and the women became hysterical.

The steamer drifted along the shore an hour until she hit the rocks off the point at Benedict and stove in her bow. As soon as she touched the colored cook heroically dropped 15 feet to the rocks with a line about his body. The water was over his head and he was tossed until he was badly bruised, but he kept on swimming and was finally tossed on the beach. The servants ashore grasped lines from the ship and in a few minutes all hands had been safely landed.

During the storm the crew stokers on the old Dominion liner Princess Anne mutilated off the coast of Virginia and the vessel, with 100 passengers on board, was at the mercy of the storm until Capt. Tatley with a revolver in each hand cowed the men into returning to their work. Meantime the vessel was crippled by the storm and reached Norfolk in a damaged condition.

In Jamaica Bay, Long Island, scores of yachts were wrecked. Most of them were torn from their anchorage and pounded to pieces on shore. The entire fleet of the Jamaica Bay Yacht club, comprising more than 30 boats, each valued at sums up to \$1,000, was destroyed. The shores at New Rochelle, on Long Island Sound and City Island, are strewn with wreckage from yachts and it is estimated that not less than \$500,000 damage was done these vessels alone.

The cup defender Reliance was damaged through being rammed by a pile driver which broke loose from its moorings and ran into the Reliance's stern.

To prevent the old defender Columbia from being rammed by the schooner yacht Hildegarde, which was dragging her anchor, the Hildegarde was scuttled when within a few feet of Columbia. Her crew of seven men jumped overboard and were saved.

The British steamship Rokky, from Port English, brought to port Domingo Ballo Reyarberay, the sole survivor of the crew of 22 men of the British steamship Mexicana, which foundered with all on board off the Florida coast Tuesday night. Reyarberay caught a piece of wreckage and managed to keep up until he was seen Wednesday morning by the Rokky and rescued.

The schooner Sadie and Lillie, of Prospect, Me., and the mackerel seiner George L. Edwards, of Gloucester, were wrecked on Pemaquid Point during the night and 15 lives were lost.

Half a dozen deaths occurred in New York and coast cities from persons stepping on broken electric wires.

In dredging a channel for the new ferry slips at Ludington, it is discovered to be "made land," composed of slabs and mill refuse in a well preserved state. The stuff is being sold and utilized.

The pope's democracy has been unshaken by his residence at the vatican. Innumerable innovations of the pontiff and his love of a simple, unostentatious life. His holiness insists on walking unassisted in the gardens, not using the sedan chair, and audiences are to be had for the asking. The pope maintains the simple habits of life he followed in Venice. According to ancient custom, the pontiff always is supposed to dine alone, but Pius dines alone rarely. Recently the chamberlain hinted at the ancient custom for men to dine alone. Please order four plates laid for dinner, as my secretary are invited."

Friday Plus shattered another ancient tradition when he insisted on his two sisters dining with him. The chamberlain protested, but his holiness declared he intended to be master at his own table.

Further reports from Kaspord, 20 miles south of Monastir, say the city is burned and that the massacre of the population (estimated to have numbered 10,000 persons) was indescribably terrible. The Turks slaughtered indiscriminately Bulgarians, Greeks, men, women and children.

The Westminster Gazette says a well known London journalist cables from Belgrade as follows: "Starting with pro-Turkish sympathies, I have found overwhelming evidence convincingly proving that the Turkish atrocities are rather underestimated in the reports of British consuls, bankers and prejudiced people. Foreign Minister Tzokoff tells me he knows cases of starving women in the forests killing two of their own children to preserve the third. The forest wanderers will all perish of cold within two months."

State Senator George Greene, of New York, for bribing; George W. Beavers, for accepting bribes from State Senator Greene, of New York.

George W. Beavers and State Senator Greene, for conspiracy to defraud the United States.

These are the principal charges in the indictment found by the Washington grand jury against the Beavers much indicted Geo. W. Beavers, former chief of the salary and allowance division of the postoffice department, and State Senator Geo. W. Greene, of New York, who was arrested and placed under \$10,000 bonds.

The district attorney here and the court officials are making a profound mystery over the appearance before the grand jury of a beautiful woman who it is said clinched the Beavers indictments.

President Roosevelt has acknowledged the receipt of the set of unfriendly and defiant resolutions adopted by the Washington Central Labor union in a formal letter addressed to the secretary of that organization.

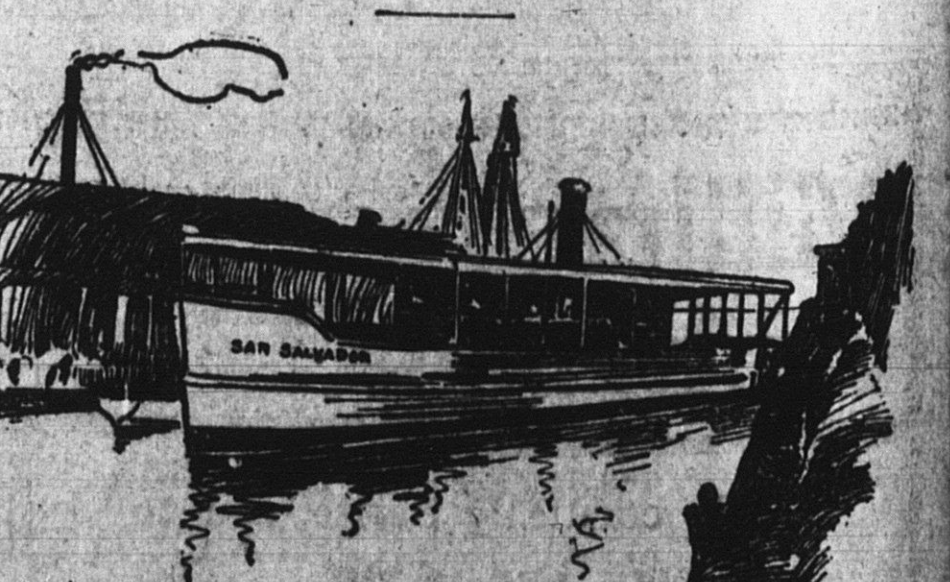
Word comes from Oyster Bay, which is in line with the belief that was generally entertained before, that the president will not vouchsafe any other answer to the resolutions antagonistic to his administration. He announced to a friend several weeks ago, when the Miller case came up, that rather than accede to such demands he would go down to defeat.

"But I'll go down fighting for what I think is right," he is quoted as saying.

King Peter Will Stay.

King Peter, of Serbia, has written a letter to a friend, from which it is clear, that while recognizing the enormous difficulties of his position, Peter is determined to stick to the throne, despite fears of assassination. He admits there is very little of western ideals or even ideas in the Serbian temperament, therefore his subjects require to be educated to a better conception of constitutional government.

MARKS INNOVATION IN SHIP BUILDING.



Queer Steamboat Now on Voyage to Brazil.

A dispatch from New Orleans says the most curious sea-going craft that has arrived in port in many a day is the steamboat San Salvador, owned by Robert Wall and commanded by James Chapman. It is from Chicago and bound for Brazil.

The boat is flat-bottomed, with steel hull and draws only four feet of water. It was constructed at a cost

of \$15,000 and owing to the curious shape no underwriting firm will insure it. They believe the voyage will be perilous to a flat-bottom craft. Mr. Wall owns large interests in Maranhao, Brazil, and he had the vessel constructed in Illinois to avoid the heavy import duties on materials in Brazil.

Over 300,000 stockings are mislaid, a shortage having been discovered in the stocking department of the Pennsylvania state prison at Philadelphia, where a shortage of 500,000 and a counterfeiting plant and previously been disclosed.

Getting but \$1,000 out of an estate of \$500,000, Benj. L. Benson, of Colchester, Conn., will contest the will of his half brother, George Gardner Benson, who died while on a visit to Chicago. The principal bequest was \$500,000 to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals of the state of New York.

THE RISE OF JAPAN

Her Marvelous Progress Shown

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE)

In turning from the picturesque and romantic phases of Japan, with which most people are familiar, to the every-day side, with all the modernness of the new Japan, one is struck with wonder as well as with admiration for the progress which it has made in a century since the nation was opened to the world.

The political development surprised the world during the late war with China, but since that time Japan has taken a high standing in commerce. Railways, steamship lines, manufacturing and mining are some of the interests which have been diligently pushed by government and private en-

where the municipality was composed of the foreign consuls assisted by a committee chosen from among the foreign residents.

They had power to levy taxes, raise their own police force and govern their little community without any reference whatever to the greater state of which it formed a part. Outside of their own districts, however, the foreigners were subject by the treaties to serious restrictions. Indeed, they were given scarce any liberty, but were confined to certain limits, usually twenty-five miles in any direction from the treaty port. Beyond these limits they were not allowed to pass



Tea House in Yokohama.

surprises. They have brought her material progress to a stage of substantial importance, and last year her trade with the United States alone amounted to \$20,000,000 of imports, and \$25,000,000 of exports. By the treaties, which went into effect in 1859, an oriental nation, for the first time in the history of the international relations of eastern and western countries, was received upon a footing of equality by Christian powers.

The progress of the new Japan, it is considered by the Japanese, was evolved from her ancient institutions, but foreigners like to claim some share of the credit for work which they have done, and especially Americans, since it was the coming of Commodore Perry, in the name of the American people, that began the awakening which is now developed into this season of prosperity.

Yokohama owes its growth quite distinctly to the foreigners who have settled in Japan, and the town has grown with quite the rapidity of some American cities on the prairies. Previous to the visit of Commodore Perry in 1854 Yokohama was but a tiny fishing village. The town of Kanagawa, across the bay, was the spot first chosen as the treaty port for this part of Japan, but here the armed retainers of the daimyos, passing to and from the capital, were liable to fall into difficulties with the foreigners, so facilities were granted for leasing ground at Yokohama.

Thither the merchants repaired in 1859, and the history of Yokohama as a foreign settlement dates from that time. The foreigners made their residence along the sea wall, and within the district apportioned to them by the old treaties, and outside this a large and rapidly growing native town has grown up.

The newest buildings in Yokohama are the large City Hall, an Imperial postoffice and a railway station. There

unless armed with a permit issued by the Japanese government. These became very easy to obtain, but even thus armed foreigners were not permitted to enter the interior for purposes of trade.

Foreign jurisdiction in the treaty ports was abolished in 1899, and in return the whole country was thrown open to European traders. Foreigners cannot own real estate, except as members of associations or partnership in conformation to Japanese law, but under the new treaties the nations will come to understand one another better, because international intercourse will be less restrained.

The sad side of life in the new Japan is that the aesthetic nature of the people must suffer from the modern innovation. The old industries are likely to pass away, and the tourist visiting the country is admonished to study while he may the making of the cloisonne ware, the hand-woven embroidery and the rice mats, for all too soon these industries are destined to die out with the march of progress.

The factory system, which converts a man into a machine, and makes him work without intelligence and without responsibility, is opposed to the ideals of the Japanese workman, who has the instinct of an artist as well as an artisan. To lure these men away from their artistic capabilities has been expensive, but the next generation will have become accustomed to the factory, and the native arts and industries will be crushed out. The artist as a factory hand will have become demoralized.

Of their new industries the Japanese are their own captains. One is forcibly impressed with this in comparison with such countries as Russia, Spain, Italy, the South American republics, and so on, where the skilled trades are headed usually by Englishmen,

CAN A DOG READ?

Experiments Have Seemed to Prove That He Can.

The intelligence of animals seems, as a rule, to be underrated rather than overrated. A dog breeder described the other day a wonderful collie that had belonged to Lord Avebury. "This dog," he said, "would, when it was hungry, lay at its master's feet a card marked 'food.' When it was thirsty it would fetch a card marked 'drink.' When it wanted to take a walk it would bring a card marked 'out.' Lord Avebury trained it to do this trick in less than a month. He put the food card over the dog's food and made it bring the card to him before he would allow it to eat, and in the matter of drinking and going out he used a like method. The cards were similar in shape and color; nothing but the writing on them differed. Since, therefore, the dog distinguishes them by the writing alone, it may truly be said that the animal could read."

NAMES WERE NOT FITTING

Proclivities of Philadelphia Cats Upset Cognomens.

"It doesn't pay to jump at conclusions, especially in naming cats," said a Spruce street physician. "A friend of mine who lives in West Philadelphia has two cats that rejoice in the names of Topsy-nit and Jack-not. He got them both over a year ago when they were both little kittens, and named one Topsy and the other Jack. Well, presently they grew to cat-hood, and Topsy, much to the chagrin of the family, showed a decided tendency to go out and carouse on the back fences all night, while Jack presently developed domestic traits and eventually became the mother of a fine litter of kittens. So that is how they came to get the names of Topsy-nit and Jack-not. Things are seldom what they seem, as some wise philosopher once said."—Philadelphia Record.

Clergy as Volunteers.

An army order has just been issued in England prohibiting clergymen from holding combatant commissions in the volunteers, or from being enrolled in the ranks of the force. This must be regarded as a reasonable regulation, for though in certain country districts some of the clergy have proved themselves very good officers, and as such have, perhaps, accomplished good work from the moral point of view, it cannot be denied that there is a distinct incongruity in a minister of the Episcopal church being also bound by his oath of allegiance to bear arms and weapons, which can by no means be classified as part of the equipment of the "armor of light."

Finding the Way.

I can show you the way, I know. Out to the meadows and up the hill Over the fields where the daisies blow, Off to the woodland so far and still. I could show you the way, if he Cares to go visiting them with me.

I'd find the way, oh, I could, indeed, Down through the paths where the squirrels play. Over the pastures where cattle feed. While the glad robin keeps holiday: Under the cool of the shady trees, Into the homes of the birds and bees.

But when we'd seen all the wonderland, And we were ready at last to go, I should be glad to take your hand: For I'm afraid that I shouldn't know Near so well, after all, as he, Just what the safest way home would be.

—Frank Walcott Hunt in Youth's Companion.

Caught.

"Arthur," she said suddenly and anxiously turning toward him—they had just finished their honeymoon—"if you were the Sultan of Turkey would you have a hundred wives?" "Gracious, no," he replied, with a yawn, "I don't know of more than fifteen or twenty women I'd be willing to support even if—Oh, say now, Juliet, I come I didn't understand—I was only joking, honest I was!" But at last she knew the base wretch for what he was and it cost him the price of a hat and four pounds of candy to square himself.

Magnetized Crops.

Electricity, hitherto confined to the mechanical side of agriculture, has now to be classed among the fertilizers. Two Russian scientists, M. Spyskneff and M. Krovkoff, have just perfected an electric battery specially designed for this purpose. It is buried in the soil, which then becomes magnetized, and not only makes the crop more forward, but more abundant. Excellent results are stated to have been obtained with potatoes, beetroot, trefol, barley and colza.

Earth's Accurate Measurement.

After nearly thirty years of constant effort and the expenditure of nearly \$500,000 scientists have succeeded in accurately measuring the earth. They have learned that its diameter through the equator is 7,926 miles; its height from pole to pole 7,899 miles. The earth, therefore, is flattened at the poles; and while this fact has long been asserted, the actual measurement has removed the question from the domain of doubt.

Table Fruit Trees.

To eat fruit fresh from the trees at a banquet table is one of the latest luxuries of English epicures. Certain fruiters in the West-end of London are now making preparations for an abundant supply of dwarf fruit trees laden with cherries, peaches, pears and apples for ornament and dessert at the dinners of the coming season. The tiny fruit trees, which, although four or five years old, are only some 3 feet high, not only make a delightful table decoration, but produce a delicious dessert.



Invention of Separators.

J. H. Monrad in New York Produce Review says: "Professor Farrington writes in the Farmer's Sentinel, Milwaukee, Wis., an article on the evolution of the separator as follows: 'One of the first applications of this principle to cream separation was made by a Massachusetts man in about 1875. He placed graduated glass tubes filled with milk in pockets something like those now used in the Babcock milk tester and whirled these tubes in a machine constructed for the purpose. After whirling about twenty minutes the thickest of the cream was measured in each tube. This machine was designed to be used as a cream tester for milk. It was, however, a pattern for the first commercial cream separators, which were constructed on the same plan, excepting that pails holding fifty to sixty pounds of milk were substituted for the glass tubes.' It seems Professor Farrington overlooks the fact that it was Prof. C. J. Fuchs of Germany who suggested the use of centrifugal force in testing milk as early as 1859 and that in 1864 Antonin Prandtl of Munich experimented with raising cream by placing small cylindrical vessels with milk in an ordinary centrifuge. Furthermore, it was, according to Ed. Burnette, 'about 1870 when Rev. H. F. Bond of Massachusetts made his experiments with two glass jars attached to a spindle making 200 revolutions. Let us give the honor where it is due, that is, to Germany, not only for originating the idea, but also for the first use of a separator (crude as it was) in a commercial creamery.'"

Agricultural College Cows.

It is with pleasure that we note the addition of twenty high-bred cows to the herd of the California Agricultural College. This will give them thirty cows in all, representing the three breeds, Holsteins, Jerseys and Guernseys. Lack of good cows is one of the chief deficiencies in the equipment of many of our agricultural colleges. In the past the appropriations have been so small that the funds have been barely sufficient to pay the charges of the instructors and keep up the buildings. The live stock departments have been the last to receive attention. Probably this could not be helped. But it is hoped that the day of inferior herds at the fountain head of our dairy instruction is passed. There are several other colleges that need better dairy herds than they have at present. The students should have before them the best types of cows and abundant opportunity to see the good and bad points of the various dairy breeds. It is not enough that one dairy breed be represented. All dairy breeds should have their representatives at the agricultural college. Otherwise the student will have a one-sided education in this regard, and he will go from college prejudiced in favor of one breed and against another.

Dairying in England.

According to reports from England the English dairyman is making slow progress in his efforts to supply the demands of the home market. This applies to butter, cheese and cream. The latter is said not to be extensively used, except in the west of England, where it is found on the tables of the wealthy and well-to-do class. Some of the leading thinkers on dairy subjects are urging the English dairyman to abandon the idea of supplying any but the highest class of trade. They would leave to the Canadians and Australians the supplying of the demand for cheap products. They would have the English cow devote all her energy to turning out cream, milk and cheese of the finest quality only. It is claimed that of the entire product of English cheese more than four-fifths is of inferior quality, and that cheese of reputation—Stilton and Wensleydale—are made in such small quantities that they are found on the tables of the middle classes only at Christmas time. The trade in cream especially should be worked up to a popular basis.

Unhealthy Surroundings.

At a medical convention recently held in England the cow and her surroundings came in for discussion in relation to the public health. The doctors pointed out some things that should and some things that should not be. One of them said that in many of the stables the cows had too little air space per cow. This should not be less than 800 cubic feet per cow. This would be a space ten by ten by eight feet. Also the cows should not be permitted to stand with their heads to a dead wall, that is, a wall without openings of any kind. It was better to have them face the feeding racks. It was said that in some parts of England it is common to see drinking ponds located at the lowest point in the yards, and in such location it was impossible that they could escape having washed into them at every rain much of the droppings from the cows. This had been the case with some ponds for generations. Good and healthy milk could not be made from such water.

Illicit Oleo Makers.

United States revenue officers recently raided an illicit oleomargarine factory in Chicago. It was found in a barn and was being run by three men. They had been selling the colored product as creamery butter, and had obtained quite a trade. A good many restaurant keepers had been buying it as creamery butter.

To Time to Spare.

Myrtle Bell, of Hancock, tried to commit suicide by hanging herself in the city jail at Hancock. The woman, who is unmarried, had been arrested for being drunk, and was confined in the jail which has not a turnkey. She cut braids from her dress and twisted a rope which she attached to the ceiling. William Anderson, a teamster, went to look at the woman and found her hanging. He sent for the city marshal and stood powerless, for there were no keys to the cell. As the woman slowly strangled and the marshal did not arrive, Anderson took out his pocket knife, forced his arm through the bars and cut the woman down. When the officer and the doctor arrived she was nearly dead, but was revived after an hour's hard work.

The Bees Stopped Work.

The Dunkley canning and preserving factory in South Haven was taken possession of for three days by a cloud of bees attracted by the fruit and the odor of the syrup. They came in millions, and the employees moved about livelier than ever they did when it was a matter of business. Many of them were stung before they got out. Some of the men got smudges and blazing torches, hoping to smoke the bees out, but they were worried. Nothing could be done until night when the bees left. Next day the invasion was repeated, but by keeping doors and windows shut, the bees were kept out, and work was resumed.

Loss of the Parker.

In a furious southwest gale, which swept Lake Superior Saturday, the steamer A. A. Parker, laden with iron ore, foundered four miles north of Grand Marais. By heroic work the life-saving crew from the station here saved the entire crew of eighteen men from the sinking ship, only to have their surfboat imperiled in the rising sea. The fury of the gale made the rescue of the crew more than ordinarily perilous. The Parker was worth about \$45,000 and her cargo \$10,000. The boat is believed to have been insured.

In the Dark.

Eaton Rapids is likely to be in darkness for some time owing to an accident that occurred at the electric lighting plant. Q. A. Hughes, proprietor of the plant, was sandpapering the motor while it was in motion when sparks began to fly. The current was short circuited and armature burrs flew in every direction. Mr. Hughes was penned in a corner and could only get out by climbing over the dynamo which was burned out and completely wrecked. How he escaped with his life is a mystery.

AMUSEMENTS IN DETROIT.

Week Ending Sept. 21.
DETROIT OPERA HOUSE—"The Eternal City"—Saturday Matinee at 2; Evenings at 8.
LYCEUM THEATRE—"The Village Postmaster"—Sat. Matinee 2:30; Evenings 8:15, 8:30, 8:45.
WHITNEY THEATRE—"Nobody's Claim"—Matinee 10:15 and 2:30; Evenings 8:15, 8:30 and 8:45.
TEMPLE THEATRE AND WONDERLAND—Afternoons 2:15, 10:15 to 2:30; Evenings 8:15, 10:15 to 10:30.
AVENUE THEATRE—Vaudeville—afternoons 10:15 and 2:30; Evenings 10:15, 10:30 and 10:45.

LIVE STOCK.

Detroit—Cattle—Cow trade active and strong; choice steers, \$4 75@5; good to choice butcher steers, 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, \$4 40@4 60; light to good butcher steers and heifers, 700 to 900 pounds, \$3 25@3 65; mixed butchers' fat cows, \$3 25@3 50; canners, \$1 50@2; common bulls, \$2 25@2 75; good shippers' bulls, \$3 50@3 75; common feeders, \$2 50@3; good well-bred feeders, \$3 50@3 85; light stockers, \$2 75@3 25; best calves, \$4 50@4 75; common grades, \$4 50@4 25.
Hogs—Light to good butchers, \$5 99@6 10; mixed, \$5 70@5 80; light porkers, \$5 65@5 95; roughs, \$4 75@5; 1-3 off.
Sheep—Best lambs, \$5 25@5 25; fair to good lambs, \$4 75@5; light to common lambs, \$3 25@4 25; yearlings, \$3 25@3 50; fair to good butcher sheep, \$2 50@3; culls and common, \$1 25@2.

Chicago—Cattle—Good to prime steers, \$5 60; poor to medium, \$4 40@5 20; stockers and feeders, \$2 50@4 15; cows, \$1 50@4 50; heifers, \$2 40@3 80; canners, \$1 40@2 60; bulls, \$2 40@4 40; mixed, \$2 50@7 10; Texas steers, \$2 40@4 40; western steers, \$3 25@4 60.
Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$3 60@4 20; good to choice heavy, \$5 50@6 20; good to choice light, \$5 70@5 75; light, \$5 70@5 75; bulk of sales, \$5 65@6.
Sheep—Good to choice wethers, \$3 25@4; fair to choice mixed, \$2 25@3 25; native lambs, \$3 50@5 10.

East Buffalo—Cattle—Prices are steady with fair supply for demand. Calves—Strong; best, \$8 25@8 55; fair to good, \$7 25@7 25.
Hogs—Mediums, \$5 45@5 55; heavy, \$6 45@6 50; yorkers, \$6 40@6 50; pigs, \$5 40@6 10; stags, \$4 40@4 75; roughs, \$5 10@5 35.

Sheep—Best lambs, \$5 65@5 75; few to good, \$5 40@5 60; culls, common, \$4 25@5; mixed sheep, \$3 75@4; fair to good, \$3 50@3 75; culls, bucks, \$2 40@3; cows, \$2 50@3 55; wethers, \$4 40@4 25; yearlings, \$4 25@4 50.

Grain, Etc.

Detroit—Wheat—No. 1 white, \$3 1/2c; No. 2 red, 5 cars at \$3 1/4c; September, \$3 1/4c; December, 5,000 bu at \$3 1/4c, 10,000 bu at \$3 1/4c; closing nominal at \$3 1/4c; May, 10,000 bu at \$3 1/4c, 10,000 bu at \$3 1/4c, closing \$3 1/4c; No. 3 red, \$1 1/4c per bu.
Corn—No. 2 mixed, 52 1/2c; No. 2 yellow, 54 1/2c; No. 3 white, 5 cars at \$1 1/4c; by sample, 1 car at \$1 1/4c, 1 car at \$1 1/4c per bu.
Oats—No. 3 white, 2 cars at 40c; September, 5,000 bu at 40c; No. 4 white, 3 cars at 38c; by sample, 1 car at 38c per bu.
Rye—No. 2 spot, 2 cars at 57 1/2c, closing 58c bid.
Beans—Spot, \$2 30; October, 3 cars at \$2 30, 2 cars at \$2 26; November, 2 cars at \$2 25, 2 cars at \$2 20 per bu.
Chicago—Wheat—No. 2 red, \$3 80@3 82c; No. 2, 6 1/2c; No. 3 yellow, 53 1/2c.
Oats—No. 2, 37c; No. 2 white, 21 1/2c; No. 3 white, \$3 30@3 32c.
Rye—No. 2, 56 1/2c@57 1/2c.
Barley—Good feeding, 48@51c; fair to choice malting, 53@54 1/2c; No. 1 flaxseed, \$1 00 1/2.

"A bunch of klases," as he put it, rewarded Joseph Durbin, a clerk in a New York department store, for saving Misses Helena and Leonore Frear from death by drowning in the Morris canal. The young man, who is said to be a nephew of the governor of Indiana, had risked his life.

With \$1,500 subject to his check, Henry Hacom, a Sioux City, Ia., merchant, "went broke" in Portland, Ore., and walked the streets penniless and nearly starving for three days before he persuaded City Commissioner Standish to pay for a telegram which brought him \$500 by wire.



Cow Peas and Velvet Beans.

On light soils especially cow peas and velvet beans prove valuable as fertilizers. They have been experimented with long enough for people to be certain that their use as green manure is fully justified. Even where crops of beans and peas are taken off and the rest of the plants turned under, the supply of nitrogen added to the land has proven of immense advantage to the succeeding crop. It is freely stated by experimenters that any kind of cow peas will furnish enough nitrogen to the soil to fully meet the demands of any following crop, that is, of the next year. In some tests recently conducted, we notice that the increased yield of the corn crop following the plowing under of cow peas and velvet beans was over 80 per cent. When crops of velvet beans and cow peas were gathered and the hay was stored, the remainder of the plant being plowed under, the increase of corn was over 30 per cent, of oats over 300 per cent, of wheat over 200 per cent, and of sorghum hay over 50 per cent. The plants that seem to utilize most the fertility from these legumes, especially on light land, are oats and wheat, probably for the reason that these two plants begin to cover the ground at once and to send down rootlets that catch the nitrogen that may be leaching out of the soil. The plants that leave the land uncultivated for the longest time are the ones that profit least from the plowing under of the previous legume crop.

Sub-Earth Factories.

The farmer is not generally looked upon as a manufacturer. Yet on his lands and under them, on the roots of all leguminous plants, there are at work the microscopic creations that labor in changing the free nitrogen of the air into soil nitrates that may be used by the plants. Every nodule on the root of a plant is an immense factory. It may be smaller than a pea, yet in it are multitudes of the little workers. They existed from the beginning of the development of leguminosae on the earth; but man has only recently discovered them. Before he understood that they were the friends of man, he regarded these factories as symptoms of plant diseases, and various remedies were invented for the cure of the said diseases. But later such efforts were found to be misapplied, and it was recognized that these same tubercles were part of the machinery of Mother Nature, by which she kept the soil supplied with the so-readily soluble forms of nitrogen, which alone can be taken up by the roots of plants. In the woods and on the prairies there are numerous forms of leguminosae, which help to keep up the balance required. There are the wild peas, the beggar weeds, the vetches and their relatives. On all of their roots are the little nitrogen factories crowded with workers. Man is able to assist these laborers and make it possible for them to increase their product. This is a manufacture in which there is not danger of over production.

Thrashing Broom Corn.

The removing of the seeds from the brush is variously termed seedling, scraping, or thrashing. This is accomplished by bringing the heads in contact with a rapidly revolving cylinder the surface of which is set with teeth or spikes. A thrasher of the kind now in general use in sections growing much broom corn costs from \$150 to \$200. Such a machine with eighteen to twenty men to keep it running steadily, can clean the brush from 30 to 40 acres in a day. The seed heads are not drawn entirely through the cylinders as in thrashing grain, but are held firmly and evenly by means of a toothed belt which carries an even stream of brush in front of it and at an angle with the cylinders, so that, beginning at the top portion, the seed is removed as the heads are carried farther and farther between the cylinders. With all the seed removed the belt deposits the brush on a table at the other end of the cylinders. The feeding of the seed heads to the thrasher and the removal of the cleaned brush and storing it in the drying sheds requires a force of twelve to fifteen men (fig. 5)—Bulletin 174, Department of Agriculture.

Fatten Separately.

The time of year is at hand when the surplus poultry is to be fattened for market. The usual way on the farm is to begin to feed corn to all the flock, regardless of whether they are to be kept for egg laying or are to be marketed. The hens that are to be marketed, also the young cockerels, should be separated from the rest of the flock and fed by themselves. The fowls that are to be kept do not need a large ration of corn. This is especially true of old hens, which will at this time of year lay on fat very rapidly if they have all the corn they will eat. As a consequence, they do not begin laying till late in the winter. It is impossible to accomplish two different results with one course of feeding.

A good rule to commit to memory for the making of a mayonnaise is three eggs to one quart of oil and half a cupful of vinegar or lemon juice. Sometimes the mayonnaise will thicken sufficiently with less than one quart of oil, if it is very cold.



Public Jenrikisha.

three large hotels, besides the Japanese inn, and two hotels are located on the bund. Banks and churches are numerous, and there are also clubhouses of the Yokohama Yacht Club, the Germania, the Masonic Temple and the Chess Club. In the earlier days of foreign intercourse districts were set apart at certain ports where foreigners could reside and trade, and the government was altogether separate from the general administration of the country. In some cases it was in the hands of the foreigners themselves, as at Kobe,

Americans or Germans, even though "labor" is drilled into shape from native material.

It has been said that Japan is to serve as the schoolmaster of Asia. She has the advantage of being in touch with the oriental nations. Her people are akin to other Asiatics, and hence there is a closer bond than is possible of the Caucasian races. Besides this, they have studied, adopted and mastered to a commendable degree the influences which have served to build up progress in Europe and America.

Lost

The Use of Arm. Heart Trouble.

Could Not Eat, Sleep or Walk.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Cured Entirely.

"If it hadn't been for Dr. Miles' Remedies I would not be here to write this letter. Two years ago last June I lost the use of my left arm, could not use it and could only move it with the help of my right hand. My heart was so weak I could not sleep nights for something aches. I was out of sorts all over and could eat nothing. I grew so weak that I could not walk without staggering like a drunken man and my home doctor said he could do nothing for me. I was in so much pain I was almost wild. I could not take morphine nor opium as they made me worse. So I got to thinking about Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and Nervine and the more I thought about it the more I wanted to try them. I wrote to the Dr. Miles Medical Co. for advice which I followed to the letter. I can say today that I am glad I did as I am a well woman now; can work and can walk two or three miles and do not mind it. I can also use my arm again as well as ever. You do not know how thankful I am for those grand medicines Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and Nervine. I think Dr. Miles' Remedies are the best in the world, and if I should get sick again I should take the same course. The remedies also helped my daughter Vida so wonderfully that I should have written you before to thank you, but I wanted to be sure that the cure was permanent, which I now know to be the case."—Mrs. Frank Loomis, Allen, Mich.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

For long or short time contracts made known on application. Cards of thanks and resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of 5 cents per line. Announcements of entertainments, socials, etc., for which a regular admission fee is charged, 5 cents per line per insertion, unless other arrangements are made with the editor. Notices of church services free.

Entered at the Post Office at Chelsea, Mich., as second class matter.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1903.

THE "HERALD" ENLARGED.

Comes to Its Readers This Week Increased to a 6-Column Quarto Newspaper.

Past experience fully demonstrated to the proprietor of the Chelsea Herald that an addition to its size was absolutely necessary, particularly during the busy season when increased demands are made upon its space by advertisers. With this end in view a large Campbell cylinder press was added to the office equipment in May last, and this week the Herald comes to its subscribers in an enlarged form—six columns to the page instead of five columns as before, and 20 inches long columns instead of 17½ inches, making a total additional space on the eight pages of the paper of 260 inches, or over one-third.

At different times the complaint has been made to us that the size of the type in which the body of the paper was printed was too small—this complaint has been made by both young and old people. We have endeavored to meet this demand for larger print by setting the paper in two sizes larger type than previously. We hope these changes will be appreciated alike by readers and advertisers.

We should like to secure a number of new subscribers at this time and to any new subscriber who wishes to make a trial of the Herald we offer it for three months for 15 cents. If you would like to take the Michigan Farmer with it we offer that paper to you until Jan. 1, 1904, for 10 cents additional. We hope to receive a number of new names with such a liberal offer as this.

Voice Culture.

Miss Frances E. Caspari, of Ann Arbor, teacher of voice culture, and pupil of John Dennis Mehan, of New York city, and William A. Howland, of Ann Arbor, will be at C. Steinbach's music store, Chelsea, next Tuesday, Aug. 18, morning and afternoon, to make arrangements with pupils desiring to take up the study of voice culture.

Fearful Odds Against Him.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such in brief was the condition of an old soldier by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, O. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies, "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for liver and kidney troubles and all forms of stomach and bowel complaints. Only 50c. Guaranteed by Glazier & Stimson, druggists.

Unadilla.

Born, Tuesday, Sept. 8, to Ed. Cranna and wife, a girl.

Mrs. Belle Cherry, of Jackson, visited at Wm. Pyper's Friday.

Frank Stevens and wife of Chelsea, visited at Albert Watson's Sunday.

Miss Louise Schrey, of Stockbridge, visited Mrs. A. C. Watson last week.

Jas. Crossman and wife, of Hamburg, visited at L. K. Hadley's one day last week.

F. E. Ives and A. C. Watson were in Flint last week as lay delegates to the M. E. conference.

Fred Williams, of Gregory, has started up the blacksmith shop here. He is reported to be a fine blacksmith.

Mrs. Mary Ives returned home from Ionia last Friday, where she has been spending a few weeks visiting friends.

Wm. Roepcke has purchased the Martin Armstrong farm 1½ miles southwest of town and will move there this fall.

Miss Ina Smith, of this place, and Archie Rohrabacker, of California, were married at the home of the bride's parents last Wednesday, Sept. 16. They will make their home in California.

Donald Harris returned home from Pontiac Saturday, where he been working in the asylum for the past two years. He started for Detroit Monday, where he has secured a position in the Marine Hospital.

The Farmers' Club meeting at Emory Glenn's last Saturday was largely attended. A good program was rendered and everyone reports a fine time. The next meeting will be held at J. M. Crossman's Saturday, Oct. 17.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, pain results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in constipation, headache or liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

Waterloo.

Geo. Weinholdt is on the gain.

Ida and Dannie, children of Geo. Emmons, are very sick.

Wm. Hörning and wife spent Sunday with G. W. Beeman.

Rev. Geo. W. Gordon will return to Waterloo to preach another year.

Geo. Monroe and wife, of Howell, visited at L. L. Gorton's over Sunday.

Mrs. S. A. Collins spent one day last week with Mrs. Geo. W. Gordon.

C. A. Barber, Geo. W. Beeman and H. Lehman went to Jackson last week to purchase an organ for the Gleaners' Society.

Louis Riethmiller met with a very painful accident one day last week. His aunt Mrs. Meyers is building a new house. Louis was helping and while carrying a hod of mortar up the steps, he slipped and fell, breaking his ankle bone and tearing the cords loose.

The best 5c smoke on the market is Kne's Highball cigar.

Sylvan Center.

Mrs. Jas. Young is moving to Jackson.

Charles West and wife have moved to Dexter.

Mrs. Lulu Buchanan, of Detroit, will spend some time with Mrs. H. C. Boyd.

Geo. Millsbaugh, wife and son, of Chelsea, spent Sunday with his parents.

Frank Cooper, wife and daughter, of Lima, spent Sunday at Jacob Dancer's.

Wm. Salisbury, jr., of Battle Creek, spent a few days of last week with his father.

Geo. Beckwith and wife, of Chelsea, spent Sunday with Jas. Beckwith and family.

Mrs. Enos Burdett and Mrs. Chas. White, of Anderson, spent several days of last week with relatives and friends in this vicinity.

Do You Know

The Central City is the best 5c cigar made in Michigan.

Lyndon.

Miss Margaret Conway is teaching in the McIntee district.

P. Prendergast and wife visited friends in Detroit last week.

John Daley now occupies the Jas. Moran farm, having rented it for a year.

Mrs. Foster Watts, of South Bend, Ind., is spending the week with Mrs. John Clark.

Luke Reilly was in Adrian Monday to see his brother Rev. Chas. O. Reilly, D. D.

Miss Genevieve Young began teaching in the Hadley district on Monday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dunbar, of Detroit, are visiting the family of Ed. Shanahan.

Wirt Boyce, Louis Palmer and Austin Gorton are planning a trip to the Pacific coast.

T. McKune, of Chelsea, spent a few days with his brother John and family the past week.

Miss Genevieve Schwikerath, of Chelsea, began teaching in the Canfield district Sept. 15.

George Gregg and family have moved from the James Moran farm to the Cunningham farm near North Lake.

Farmers are praying for a continuance of this good weather till the end of bean harvest, which is now the order of business on the farm.

Miss Madge Young began teaching at the Center Sept. 14. School is being held in the town hall, the work on the schoolhouse not having been done in time.

The schoolhouse at the Center having had a new floor laid in it, new siding put on, and a fresh coat of paint all around, now presents a very neat and respectable appearance.

Enreka Grange at its last meeting initiated a large class of candidates, and decided to hold a social at the hall next Wednesday evening, Sept. 30. A commendable feature of the grange is that it admits women to membership on an equal footing with men. The women of the town or city have their reading circles, their research clubs and various other societies for social recreation and mutual improvement, but societies of this class exclusively for women are not possible in the country. A farmer's wife or daughter, if she goes from home at all, must necessarily have an escort, therefore, the grange tries to provide for the women on the farm something in the line with the societies above mentioned.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

Has world-wide fame for marvellous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for cuts, corns, burns, boils, sores, felons, ulcers, tetter, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped hands, skin eruptions; infallible for piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c at Glazier & Stimson's, druggists.

Lima.

Orla Wood went to Detroit Saturday.

Miss Verna Hawley spent Saturday in Ypsilanti.

Roy Easton will attend the U. of M. the coming year.

Miss Minnie Easton is teaching a school near Clinton.

Mrs. E. B. Freer visited relatives in Detroit last week.

Frank Guerin and wife, of Chelsea, visited Mrs. O. Guerin Sunday.

Mrs. Lewis Freer entertained Miss Helen Purfield, of Ann Arbor, Sunday.

Mrs. Fannie Ward has rented her house and barn to Mr. Foorn, of Freedom.

Miss Amy Morse has just returned from Battle Creek where she visited relatives.

George English and wife have returned from a visit with relatives in New York.

W. McLaren and wife spent last Thursday with M. Schenk and family, of Sylvan.

Fred Hulse, who has been to China and the Philippines the past year, has returned to visit his aunt, Mrs. P. Westfall.

Miss Cora Clark and J. Andrews, of Geneva, N. Y., returned home Saturday after an extended visit with Jay Wood and family.

Subscribe for the Herald, \$1 per year.

Sharon.

Mrs. Wm. Wolfe is on the sick list.

Miss Ethel Krause is seriously ill with diphtheria.

Miss Mary Heim is spending this week with P. Smith and family.

Chas. O'Neil, of Toledo, Ohio, was the guest of his parents recently.

Chas. Walker had the misfortune to have his arm broken one day last week.

John Heelschwerdt is now employed by his uncle Wm. Dresselhouse.

Miss Esther Reno, who has been spending the summer with her parents, has returned to Jackson.

Try a Highball if you want a good, clean, sweet smoke. All sell them.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous services.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

To any new subscriber we will send the Chelsea Herald and the Michigan Farmer until Jan. 1, 1904, for 35 cents.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Kemp Commercial & Savings Bank AT CHELSEA, MICH.

At the close of business, Sept. 9, 1903, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$ 79,679 42
Bonds, mortgages and securities	262,422 44
Premiums paid on bonds	318 75
Overdrafts	1,985 62
Banking house	7,500 00
Furniture and fixtures	1,500 00
Due from other banks and bankers	18,300 00
U. S. bonds	\$ 5,500 00
Due from banks in reserve cities	36,488 94
U. S. and National bank currency	4,328 00
Gold coin	9,702 50
Silver coin	2,344 05
Nickels and cents	198 64
Checks, cash items, internal revenue account	259 59
Total	\$430,981 95

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 40,000 00
Surplus	8,000 00
Undivided profits, net	4,528 26
Dividends unpaid	\$ 128 00
Commercial deposits	52,973 06
Certificates of deposit	18,635 93
Savings deposits	288,637 97
Savings certificates	23,078 73
Total	\$430,981 95

State of Michigan, County of Washington, ss.
I, J. A. Palmer, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. A. PALMER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of Sept., 1903.
Geo. A. BeGona, Notary Public.
(H. S. HOLMES, EDWARD VOGEL, C. KLEIN, Directors.)

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Chelsea Savings Bank, AT CHELSEA, MICH.

At the close of business, Sept. 9, 1903, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$133,334 24
Bonds, mortgages and securities	270,074 36
Premiums paid on bonds	140 00
Overdrafts	30,000 00
Banking house	9,718 84
Furniture and fixtures	4,000 00
U. S. bonds	\$ 2,000 00
Due from banks in reserve cities	43,650 04
U. S. and National bank currency	5,058 95
Gold coin	5,292 00
Silver coin	9,085 00
Nickels and cents	1,232 50
Checks, cash items, internal revenue account	309 41
revenue account	66,467 90
Total	\$515,704 99

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 60,000 00
Surplus fund	20,000 00
Undivided profits, net	7,025 59
Dividends unpaid	74 00
Commercial deposits	\$66,966 89
Certificates of deposit	52,804 04
Savings deposits	176,761 62
Savings certificates	132,132 85
Total	\$515,704 99

State of Michigan, County of Washington, ss.
I, Theo. E. Wood, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

THEO. E. WOOD, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of Sept., 1903.

ALICE K. STIMSON, Notary Public.
FRANK P. GLAZIER, WM. P. SCHENK, WM. J. KNAPP, Directors.

Staples at Close-Cut Prices

That reduce living expenses in Groceries to lowest terms.

Inexpensive, Yet Very Desirable

Articles in China, Glass Ware, Grockery and Lamp Goods.

Standard Mocha and Java

Coffee, at 25c per pound, is the right thing for breakfast. At

Freeman Bros.

Fall and Winter Millinery

OPENING

Friday and Saturday, Oct. 2-3

ALL ARE CORDIALLY INVITED.

MARY HAAB.



We are Headquarters for

Bean Harvesters

Our line consists of Little Giant, Miller and Bidwell, all first class machines at lowest prices.

We offer special inducements on Top Buggies and Surreys to close. Furniture stock is complete and bargains are to be had all along the line.

W. J. KNAPP

Imported & Domestic Woolens

Made to Measure and Just as You Direct.



The largest stock of Piece Goods in Chelsea.

Sack Suits and Overcoats \$15 and up.
Prince Albert, Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits (silk or satin faced) \$23 up.
Trousers \$3 and up.

The biggest and best stock, the finest variety. Samples furnished on application.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

THE GLASS BLOCK TAILORING PARLORS

J. J. RAFTREY,

Phone 37.

Proprietor.

MEN'S SHOES CHEAP.

One Pair, For the cheapest, 60 cents
One Pair, For the best, \$3.00

A clean, up-to-date stock to select from. Save money by buying your Shoes from

FARRELL.

We have no old truck to get rid of.

Your Sight

TEST YOUR EYES.

Do you see objects as through a haze? Does the atmosphere seem smoky or foggy? Do spots or specks dance before your eyes? Do you see more clearly some days than others? These and many other symptoms will lead to blindness.

Eyes Fitted and Treated.

GEORGE HALLER,

Scientific Optician,

216 S. Main Street, Haller's Jewelry Store, Ann Arbor, Mich.

TAKE YOUR.

Job : Printing

TO THE

Herald Office

And Have It Done Right.

Subscribe for the Herald, \$1 a year.

Curtains.

We launder them perfectly at reasonable rates and guarantee all work.

CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY

(Boths.)

A new guaranteed if you use

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

DR. MILES' PAIN EXPELLER

We have Just Opened

the largest lot of

Women's New Shirt Waists..

Ever shown in any store in Chelsea.
They are beautiful.

\$1.00 to \$7.00 Each.

All \$1.00 Batiste Corsets



75 Cents Each.

Best \$1.00 and \$1.25 Percale Wrappers,
75c each.

Regular 6c Unbleached Outing.

4c

We Pay 18c a dozen for Eggs.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

MILLINERY.

Fall : : and : Winter.

For Beauty, Style, Elegance and Popular Prices,
call and inspect our stock.

NELLIE C. MARONEY.

Over H. S. Holmes' Mercantile Co.'s Store.

ALLISON KNEE, Cigar Manufacturer

WHOLESALE
CIGARS

Wholesale Department at A. E. Winans' Jewelry Store.

Call for the "Highball." No better 5c. Cigar made anywhere.

WM. BACON-HOLMES CO.

DEALERS IN

Lumber, Coal, Salt, Cement, Etc.

See Us before You Sell or Buy.

We are Headquarters for the purchase and sale of
all kinds of

Poultry, Grain, Grass Seed and
Beans.

Honest Weights and Square Dealings Guaranteed.

As Good as Our Neighbors.

OFFICE: IN THE LITTLE WOODEN COTTAGE

North of M. C. R. R.

BILL BACON, Manager.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

The population of Michigan is 432 to the square mile.

There were 58 deaths in Washtenaw county during August.

Michigan has nine colleges with 388 professors and 5,369 pupils.

Born, Tuesday, Sept. 22, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Schriber, of Lyndon, a son.

The cellar is being dug for L. P. Vogel's new house on East Middle street.

Mrs. Claude Monroe is very low with consumption at her home on South Main street.

John Strahle, of Sylvan, is having his farm house thoroughly overhauled and repaired.

Real estate transfer—Chas. Letts to Jane L. Tuttle, lot 11, Taylor's addition to Chelsea, \$375.

Wm. Schairer, of Scio, killed a blue racer nine feet long the other day while cutting clover on his farm.

Heselschwerdt Bros., of Sharon, have threshed 1,718 bushels of oats from 30 acres of land, 59½ bushels to the acre.

Holmes & Gilbert are cleaning and fixing up their apple evaporator and will soon start buying apples from the farmers.

The Bacon Co-Operative Co. is receiving its stock of goods every day and expects to be ready for business the first of October.

The annual collection for the orphans will be taken up next Sunday, Sept. 27, in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart.

Dexter has issued \$9,000 of 4 per cent electric light bonds to equip the new power house. The bonds were taken at once by local citizens at par.

Simon Winslow, of Lima, has entered suit in the circuit court against Charles Jenks, claiming \$2,000 damages for a pounding the latter inflicted on him.

The remains of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Frey, of Francisco, who died Friday, were brought here Sunday afternoon and interred in Oak Grove cemetery.

Rev. Albert B. Storms, son of the late Irving Storms, of Lima, has accepted the position of president of the Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts.

Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., will work the third degree in Masonry tomorrow (Friday) evening. All members, who can possibly do so are requested to be present.

The Forty Hours Adoration will open in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart on Sunday, Oct. 11. The sermons will be preached by a Redemptorist Father from Detroit.

E. Wilbur Caster passed his examination at the meeting of the Detroit conference of the M. E. church in Flint and has been assigned to a charge at Medina, Lenawee county.

G. Ahnemiller has been picking ripe strawberries from his vines during the past week. There are lots of green berries also blossoms on the vines now which will mature if the weather only continues favorable.

Mrs. John Clark, who lives near Four Mile Lake in Dexter township, died this morning, aged 76 years. The funeral services will be held at the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

The parish library, connected with the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, will reopen Sunday, Oct. 4. Those who have not returned their books are requested to do so at once. There are 1,200 volumes in the library, and it is free to all.

The baseball game between the East Side Stars and West Side Tigers last Saturday was won by the former, score 14 to 3. The Tigers labored under the disadvantage of not having a pitcher or the scores would not have been so far apart.

The \$1,000 worth of 4 per cent paving bonds which the Ann Arbor banks refused to take except at a discount were put on the market for private sale last Friday, and have already been disposed of, every one selling at par. City Treasurer Beakes says they could have sold double the amount.

The time for collecting the village taxes has been extended to Oct. 8.

The total number of pupils enrolled in the Chelsea school is 377.

Dexter has 292 pupils enrolled in its schools and Manchester has 292.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Kalmbach, Sunday, Sept. 13, a son.

Born, Thursday, Sept. 10, to Mr. and Mrs. Lute Ives, of Stockbridge, a daughter.

The village schools of Milan are closed on account of the prevalence of diphtheria.

The first semester begins in all the departments of the U. of M. next Tuesday, Sept. 29.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Benterle, of Freedom, are the proud parents of a bouncing baby boy.

The 39th annual reunion of the 20th Mich. Infantry will be held at Jackson, Thursday, Oct. 15.

The Manchester banks have deposits of \$536,168.38. Their resources amount to \$600,891.23.

Carpenters have been at work the past week fixing up the Michigan Central freight depot and building a new dock.

Present indications are that the corn crop will be a great one after all, in spite of the quantity of rain we have had.

The Jackson Association of the Congregational church will hold its semi-annual meeting in Pinckney Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 20-21.

Wm. C. Kellogg, formerly of Sylvan, who recently opened up a law office in Milan, has been admitted to practice in the United States district and circuit courts.

Herman Foster has given up his work with the Detroit Evening Journal and will enter the U. of M. next Tuesday, where he will take the six years literary and law course.

Geo. H. Lyon, aged 91, the oldest member and past master of Washenaw lodge, No. 65, F. & A. M., of Dexter, is dead. He was initiated in 1857 and elected master in 1861.

Hereafter, notaries public must put after their names, when taking acknowledgments, the date of expiration of their commissions, as required by the new law which took effect Sept. 17.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Eder died Friday morning, aged 7 weeks. The funeral was held at the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart Saturday morning, Rev. W. P. Considine officiating.

What is believed to be a woman's purse was found at Kingsley. It contained two hairpins, an empty perfume bottle, two cards, a gold ring with the sets out, a sentimental poem, a piece of hose supporter, a safety pin and a penny.

The taking of testimony in the 32 railroad cases to test the validity of the assessment of their property made by the state board of assessors will commence in Lansing, Tuesday, Sept. 29. Congressman Townsend is one of the counsel for the state in these cases.

A warning comes to the public from the secretary of state's office against the American Home Assurance Co., of Illinois which has been heard of from Wyandotte and other Michigan points. It says this is one of those home purchasing companies which operates on the impracticable numeral plan, and is not authorized to transact business in Michigan.

At the annual meeting of the Michigan Bean Jobbers' Association held in Detroit Wednesday of last week discussion on the bean crop showed that wet weather had brought it down to a discouraging state. The normal growth is about 4,000,000 bushels, but these figures will probably be cut in half this year. G. F. Allmendinger, of Ann Arbor, was elected president of the association.

Col. C. V. DeLand, for over half a century a prominent worker in Whig and Republican politics in this state, died at his home in Summit, Jackson county, Monday, Sept. 21, of paralysis, aged 77 years. He founded the Jackson Citizen in 1848 and was present at the organization of the Republican party "under the oaks" in 1854. He was active in politics always and was widely known throughout the state.

Where They Will Preach.

The final work of the Methodist conference which closed its session at Flint between 2 and 3 o'clock Tuesday morning was the reading of the list of appointments for the ensuing year. The appointments for this county and neighborhood are:

Presiding Elder—E. B. Bancroft.
Ann Arbor—E. S. Ninde.
Chelsea—E. E. Caster.
Dexter—A. W. Wilson.
Dixboro—O. W. Willett.
Grass Lake and Leoni—H. W. Hicks.

Manchester and Sharon—E. D. Moon.
Milan—J. B. Marsh.
Pinckney and Unadilla—R. L. Cope.

Saline—I. R. Springer.
Stockbridge—J. H. McKune.
Waterloo—G. W. Gordon.
Whitmore Lake and Hamburg—H. Palmer.
Ypsilanti—C. T. Allen.

Rev. J. I. Nickerson, formerly of Chelsea, is reappointed to Adrian; E. Wilbur Caster, who passed his examination at the conference, goes to Medina.

Call for a Highball. Patronize home trade, that's the way to keep up your town.

Root's Music House, Ann Arbor.

There are a great many pianos sold each year and there are a great many dealers in the piano business today, but please remember that Root's Music House is the place for you to buy your piano. This house buys direct from the manufacturer and can sell you on the closest margin. Old instruments taken on exchange and easy terms allowed to buyers. A trial will convince the most skeptical buyer.

A Granite Shower.

Friday evening 40 young ladies assembled at the home of the Miller Sisters on Summit street and to the lively accompaniment of those beautiful musical instruments "squawkers," with which each one was provided, marched to the home of Miss Amy Foster to tender her a surprise granite and kitchen ware shower. The evening was very pleasantly spent with a program of music, singing and recitations, in which the Misses Lulu Steger, Mary Clark, Ethel Bacon, Ethel Cole, Edith Boyd, Rose Conway, Annie Eisele, Kate Stapish, Amy and Josephine Foster and others took part, intermingled with conversation, jokes and much laughter. Nice refreshments were served during the evening by Mrs. Foster and the guests went home after having a fine time, wishing Miss Foster all kinds of happiness in her married life which will commence next Tuesday, Sept. 29.

Removal Notice.

Having leased the main floor of the Hatch & Winans' store to the Bacon Co-Operative Co. we have moved our stock of Windmills, Pumps and Plumbing Goods into the basement, where we shall be pleased to have you call and see us. Our stock of Guns, Ammunition, etc., is complete. Now is the time you will need such goods if you enjoy the hunting season.

Geo. H. Foster & Co.

Another Ball Game Saturday.

W. McLaren's Stars and L. BeGole's Tigers will play ball Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The teams are the best that can be gotten together and the contest will be more even than the one a week ago. The proceeds will be used to raise the Junior Star's indebtedness.

Beissel and Holmes will pitch for the Stars and Steinbach will catch. Rogers and BeGole will be the battery for the Tigers. The prices will be 15 and 10 cents. The lineup is as follows:

Stars—H. Beissel p., B. Steinbach c., J. Cummings, 1st, C. Schenk, 2d, H. Holmes 3d, E. Steinbach s., W. McLaren r., P. Bacon l., G. Bockres m.

Tigers—C. Rogers p., L. BeGole c., G. BeGole 1st, A. Raffrey 2d, O. Riemenschneider 3d, R. McGuinness s., F. Kelly r., F. Leach l., H. Foster m.

Merriman's all night workers make morning movements easy.

Michigan Central Excursions.

Sunday excursion to Grand Rapids, Kalamazoo, Battle Creek and Jackson, Sept. 27. Train leaves Chelsea at 8:40 a.m. Fare for the round trip to Grand Rapids, \$1.75; Kalamazoo, \$1.35; Battle Creek, \$1.05; Jackson 35c.

Subscribe for the Herald only \$1 a year.

TIME TABLES.

D., Y., A. A. & J. RY

Taking effect July 6, 1903.

On and after this date cars will leave Jackson going east at 6:45 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 6:45 p. m.; then at 8:45 p. m. and 10:45 p. m.

Leave Grass Lake 6:15 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:15 p. m.; then at 9:15 and 11:15 p. m.

Leave Chelsea 6:30 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:30 p. m.; then at 9:30 and 11:30 p. m.

Cars will leave Ann Arbor going west at 6:15 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:15 p. m.; then at 9:15 and 11:15 p. m.

Leave Chelsea 6:50 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:50 p. m.; then at 9:50 and 11:50 p. m.

Leave Grass Lake 7:15 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 8:15 p. m.; then at 10:15 p. m. and 12:15 midnight.

On Saturdays and Sundays the two cars each way that are omitted during the evenings of the other days of the week will be run.

On Sundays the first cars leave terminals one hour late.

This company does not guarantee the arrival and departure of cars on schedule time and reserves the right to change the time of any car without notice.

Cars will meet at Grass Lake and at No. 2 siding.

Cars will run on Standard time.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect June 14, 1903.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea station as follows:

GOING EAST.
No. 8—Detroit Night Express... 5:50 a.m.
No. 12—Grand Rapids Express... 10:40 a.m.
No. 2—Mail and Express... 3:15 p.m.

GOING WEST.

No. 11—Michigan & Chicago Ex. 6:00 a.m.
No. 5—Mail and Express... 8:35 a.m.
No. 13—Grand Rapids Express... 6:30 p.m.
No. 37—Pacific Express... 11:05 p.m.

Nos. 11 and 37 stop only to let passengers on or off.

W. T. GRAYQUE, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

TRAVELERS RAILWAY GUIDE

25 CENTS
155 ADAMS ST. CHICAGO

Finest Meats

AT

LOWEST PRICES.

We invite the public generally to visit our market. We have the best meats that are to be found in the country, and we guarantee you

Square Dealing.

Courteous Treatment.

and

Prompt Delivery

of the goods you purchase from us.

HOME CURED

Hams and Bacon.

Chelsea Telephone connection.

J. G. Adrion.

H. S. Holmes, pres. C. H. Kempf, vice pres.
J. A. Palmer, cash'r. Geo. A. BeGole, asst. cash'r.
—No. 203—

THE KEMPf COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK,

CAPITAL, \$40,000.

Commercial and Savings Departments. Money to loan on first class security.

Directors: Reuben Kempf, H. S. Holmes, C. H. Kempf, R. S. Armstrong, C. Klein, E. Vogel, Geo. A. BeGole.

THOROUGHbred

Poland China Hogs

AND

Shropshire Rams

For sale. Enquire of

GEO. T. ENGLISH, Chelsea.

OSTEOPATHY..

DR. A. D. CAIN,

A practitioner of Jackson, Mich., also a graduate of the College of Osteopathy, of Kirksville, Mo., who has had three years of practical experience, has opened a branch office in Chelsea, at J. S. Gorman's residence on East Middle street, and will be here on Tuesdays and Saturdays of each week from 7 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Remember the time and place. Consultation and examination free. Prices reasonable.

The Griswold House

DETROIT.

Rates, \$2, \$2.50, \$3 per Day.

COR. GRAND RIVER & GRISSWOLD STS.

THAT GIRL of JOHNSON'S

By JEAN KATE LUDLUM.

Author of "At a Girl's Mercies," Etc.

Entered According to Act of Congress in the Year 1890 by Street & Smith, In the Office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington, D. C.

CHAPTER XVII.—Continued.

When the meal was over Dr. Dunwiddie arose, and, as was his habit, returned to the house up the road to see to his patient's condition, and found that Johnson had slept through the night scarcely stirring, still as a baby. Things were going well to help on his recovery; and though it would be months before he could be able to get around, yet there was every hope and every reason to expect him to recover.

Johnson moved and opened his eyes slowly as Dr. Dunwiddie entered the room. Vacant, hollow eyes they were, with a stare in them which startled Dolores.

Dr. Dunwiddie was at his side instantly, but without a sign of haste. "He is used to your voice," he said to Dolores, without turning his head. "Speak to him, Miss Johnson. Say anything to him—anything you are in the habit of saying."

Dolores came no nearer the bed; she stood quietly at the window, and asked in her ordinary voice, slow, uninterested: "Are you ready for breakfast, father?"

The hollow eyes closed weakly for a moment. Mrs. Allen entered at that moment with the beef tea, and Dolores, taking the bowl from her hand, crossed over to the bedside. Johnson again opened his eyes with the old expression of distrust and dislike in them. She bent over him, and Dr. Dunwiddie raised his head a trifle gently on his arm as she put the spoon to his lips with steady hand and unmoved face. But when she offered him the second spoonful he closed his eyes and endeavored to turn aside his head, with the sullen expression on his face. Dolores bent over the bed and held the spoon steadily to his lips, as she said, in a tone that thrilled her listeners by its slow, almost stern sweetness:

"Drink this, father."

He obeyed like a child, and she fed him carefully according to the doctor's orders. Dr. Dunwiddie watched her movements wonderingly. Where did this girl get her womanly tact? Surely not from this man upon the pillows, whose face was indicative of nothing but a brute nature.

It was an exquisite morning. Mrs. Allen was with the doctor, there was no need of her there, and she went out and sat on the door-stone in the shadow of the pines. Leaning her head against the door-post her hands fell to her lap. Her eyes were intent on the mountain with a sort of hungry look in them. It had meddled so with her life—or was it the fate of the stars that crippled her father and prevented his going to court where the men were eager to have him, like the vulture on the mountain. She knew little of fate or law, but it seemed to her that the one possessed her, and the other was waiting, waiting in a terrible silence for her father to go to prove the malice preposse in the haming of the mare—a waiting that appalled her by its dogged patience.

What her neighbors thought she did not care; she had lived without them; she could still live without them. Had she known how roughly they used her name she would scarcely have understood their meaning. Her mind was too pure and too high above them to comprehend the evil they would lay at her door. Lodie, among them all, was the only kind one. Not one of the women had been near her, but the women never did come; she cared nothing about that, only there had not been there before and that called for companionship for the sympathy of

other women. But Dora would come, she thought, with sudden brightness to her heart—Dora and her uncle, and young Green as well, until—the truth were known. Then, what would they think or say—Dora and her uncle, who were honorable people, the nurse said, and young Green who had been so kind to them—so kind? Did he not risk his life for her father? Yet even then he must have known about the mare and by whom the deed was done. Did he not tell her himself that the man who had committed such a dastardly deed should suffer the full penalty of the law? And the law had a terrible significance to her.

Lodie came slouching up the path, pale, gaunt, angular, in the full glory of the sunlight. He removed his rusty

hat as he stood before her, his hands behind his back.

"Be yer feyther gettin' on to'rabble, D'lores? I kem up hyar from the tav'n ter hear. We 'lowed he orter be improvin', an' wes waitin' ter know."

"Who are waiting to know?" she asked, sharply. The tone was new to her, and the man was disconcerted by it. A vague fear had entered her mind in spite of Mrs. Allen's assurance that they would not come for her father until he was able to go to prove—

"Why, jes' we uns," Lodie replied, clumsily. "He were a good un' mong us, was yer feyther, D'lores, an' wes jest waitin' ter know ef he is improvin'."

"Thank you, Jim Lodie. You can tell those who wish to know that my father will get well."

A flash came into Lodie's eye, a deep red rushed to his sunburned face. "I be powerful glad ter hev ye say

that."

The hollow eyes closed weakly for a moment. Mrs. Allen entered at that moment with the beef tea, and Dolores, taking the bowl from her hand, crossed over to the bedside. Johnson again opened his eyes with the old expression of distrust and dislike in them. She bent over him, and Dr. Dunwiddie raised his head a trifle gently on his arm as she put the spoon to his lips with steady hand and unmoved face. But when she offered him the second spoonful he closed his eyes and endeavored to turn aside his head, with the sullen expression on his face. Dolores bent over the bed and held the spoon steadily to his lips, as she said, in a tone that thrilled her listeners by its slow, almost stern sweetness:

"Drink this, father."

He obeyed like a child, and she fed him carefully according to the doctor's orders. Dr. Dunwiddie watched her movements wonderingly. Where did this girl get her womanly tact? Surely not from this man upon the pillows, whose face was indicative of nothing but a brute nature.

It was an exquisite morning. Mrs. Allen was with the doctor, there was no need of her there, and she went out and sat on the door-stone in the shadow of the pines. Leaning her head against the door-post her hands fell to her lap. Her eyes were intent on the mountain with a sort of hungry look in them. It had meddled so with her life—or was it the fate of the stars that crippled her father and prevented his going to court where the men were eager to have him, like the vulture on the mountain. She knew little of fate or law, but it seemed to her that the one possessed her, and the other was waiting, waiting in a terrible silence for her father to go to prove the malice preposse in the haming of the mare—a waiting that appalled her by its dogged patience.

What her neighbors thought she did not care; she had lived without them; she could still live without them. Had she known how roughly they used her name she would scarcely have understood their meaning. Her mind was too pure and too high above them to comprehend the evil they would lay at her door. Lodie, among them all, was the only kind one. Not one of the women had been near her, but the women never did come; she cared nothing about that, only there had not been there before and that called for companionship for the sympathy of

other women. But Dora would come, she thought, with sudden brightness to her heart—Dora and her uncle, and young Green as well, until—the truth were known. Then, what would they think or say—Dora and her uncle, who were honorable people, the nurse said, and young Green who had been so kind to them—so kind? Did he not risk his life for her father? Yet even then he must have known about the mare and by whom the deed was done. Did he not tell her himself that the man who had committed such a dastardly deed should suffer the full penalty of the law? And the law had a terrible significance to her.

Lodie came slouching up the path, pale, gaunt, angular, in the full glory of the sunlight. He removed his rusty

hat as he stood before her, his hands behind his back.

"Be yer feyther gettin' on to'rabble, D'lores? I kem up hyar from the tav'n ter hear. We 'lowed he orter be improvin', an' wes waitin' ter know."

"Who are waiting to know?" she asked, sharply. The tone was new to her, and the man was disconcerted by it. A vague fear had entered her mind in spite of Mrs. Allen's assurance that they would not come for her father until he was able to go to prove—

"Why, jes' we uns," Lodie replied, clumsily. "He were a good un' mong us, was yer feyther, D'lores, an' wes jest waitin' ter know ef he is improvin'."

"Thank you, Jim Lodie. You can tell those who wish to know that my father will get well."

A flash came into Lodie's eye, a deep red rushed to his sunburned face. "I be powerful glad ter hev ye say

that."

The hollow eyes closed weakly for a moment. Mrs. Allen entered at that moment with the beef tea, and Dolores, taking the bowl from her hand, crossed over to the bedside. Johnson again opened his eyes with the old expression of distrust and dislike in them. She bent over him, and Dr. Dunwiddie raised his head a trifle gently on his arm as she put the spoon to his lips with steady hand and unmoved face. But when she offered him the second spoonful he closed his eyes and endeavored to turn aside his head, with the sullen expression on his face. Dolores bent over the bed and held the spoon steadily to his lips, as she said, in a tone that thrilled her listeners by its slow, almost stern sweetness:

"Drink this, father."

He obeyed like a child, and she fed him carefully according to the doctor's orders. Dr. Dunwiddie watched her movements wonderingly. Where did this girl get her womanly tact? Surely not from this man upon the pillows, whose face was indicative of nothing but a brute nature.

It was an exquisite morning. Mrs. Allen was with the doctor, there was no need of her there, and she went out and sat on the door-stone in the shadow of the pines. Leaning her head against the door-post her hands fell to her lap. Her eyes were intent on the mountain with a sort of hungry look in them. It had meddled so with her life—or was it the fate of the stars that crippled her father and prevented his going to court where the men were eager to have him, like the vulture on the mountain. She knew little of fate or law, but it seemed to her that the one possessed her, and the other was waiting, waiting in a terrible silence for her father to go to prove the malice preposse in the haming of the mare—a waiting that appalled her by its dogged patience.

What her neighbors thought she did not care; she had lived without them; she could still live without them. Had she known how roughly they used her name she would scarcely have understood their meaning. Her mind was too pure and too high above them to comprehend the evil they would lay at her door. Lodie, among them all, was the only kind one. Not one of the women had been near her, but the women never did come; she cared nothing about that, only there had not been there before and that called for companionship for the sympathy of

other women. But Dora would come, she thought, with sudden brightness to her heart—Dora and her uncle, and young Green as well, until—the truth were known. Then, what would they think or say—Dora and her uncle, who were honorable people, the nurse said, and young Green who had been so kind to them—so kind? Did he not risk his life for her father? Yet even then he must have known about the mare and by whom the deed was done. Did he not tell her himself that the man who had committed such a dastardly deed should suffer the full penalty of the law? And the law had a terrible significance to her.

Lodie came slouching up the path, pale, gaunt, angular, in the full glory of the sunlight. He removed his rusty

hat as he stood before her, his hands behind his back.

"Be yer feyther gettin' on to'rabble, D'lores? I kem up hyar from the tav'n ter hear. We 'lowed he orter be improvin', an' wes waitin' ter know."

"Who are waiting to know?" she asked, sharply. The tone was new to her, and the man was disconcerted by it. A vague fear had entered her mind in spite of Mrs. Allen's assurance that they would not come for her father until he was able to go to prove—

"Why, jes' we uns," Lodie replied, clumsily. "He were a good un' mong us, was yer feyther, D'lores, an' wes jest waitin' ter know ef he is improvin'."

"Thank you, Jim Lodie. You can tell those who wish to know that my father will get well."

A flash came into Lodie's eye, a deep red rushed to his sunburned face. "I be powerful glad ter hev ye say

that."

The hollow eyes closed weakly for a moment. Mrs. Allen entered at that moment with the beef tea, and Dolores, taking the bowl from her hand, crossed over to the bedside. Johnson again opened his eyes with the old expression of distrust and dislike in them. She bent over him, and Dr. Dunwiddie raised his head a trifle gently on his arm as she put the spoon to his lips with steady hand and unmoved face. But when she offered him the second spoonful he closed his eyes and endeavored to turn aside his head, with the sullen expression on his face. Dolores bent over the bed and held the spoon steadily to his lips, as she said, in a tone that thrilled her listeners by its slow, almost stern sweetness:

"Drink this, father."

He obeyed like a child, and she fed him carefully according to the doctor's orders. Dr. Dunwiddie watched her movements wonderingly. Where did this girl get her womanly tact? Surely not from this man upon the pillows, whose face was indicative of nothing but a brute nature.

It was an exquisite morning. Mrs. Allen was with the doctor, there was no need of her there, and she went out and sat on the door-stone in the shadow of the pines. Leaning her head against the door-post her hands fell to her lap. Her eyes were intent on the mountain with a sort of hungry look in them. It had meddled so with her life—or was it the fate of the stars that crippled her father and prevented his going to court where the men were eager to have him, like the vulture on the mountain. She knew little of fate or law, but it seemed to her that the one possessed her, and the other was waiting, waiting in a terrible silence for her father to go to prove the malice preposse in the haming of the mare—a waiting that appalled her by its dogged patience.

What her neighbors thought she did not care; she had lived without them; she could still live without them. Had she known how roughly they used her name she would scarcely have understood their meaning. Her mind was too pure and too high above them to comprehend the evil they would lay at her door. Lodie, among them all, was the only kind one. Not one of the women had been near her, but the women never did come; she cared nothing about that, only there had not been there before and that called for companionship for the sympathy of

other women. But Dora would come, she thought, with sudden brightness to her heart—Dora and her uncle, and young Green as well, until—the truth were known. Then, what would they think or say—Dora and her uncle, who were honorable people, the nurse said, and young Green who had been so kind to them—so kind? Did he not risk his life for her father? Yet even then he must have known about the mare and by whom the deed was done. Did he not tell her himself that the man who had committed such a dastardly deed should suffer the full penalty of the law? And the law had a terrible significance to her.

Lodie came slouching up the path, pale, gaunt, angular, in the full glory of the sunlight. He removed his rusty

never before seen, said, with quiet authority:

"Be quiet, Johnson. Not another word. Charlie, go into the other room. Mrs. Allen, help me at once; his excitement has brought on hemorrhage."

As Green closed the door behind him he caught a glimpse of Johnson's face that he never forgot. It was pallid as death and ghastly with the hollow eyes. Horror and amazement mingled in his face as he noiselessly crossed the room and passed out of the house through the pantry at the rear, without disturbing the two on the door-step, and struck out among the pines beyond toward the summit where the winds were soft and the sky blue and still. He saw nothing around him clearly; his thoughts, in a tumult, were in the little bare room of the house below where the strong man, who had just been brought back from death, lay in his repulsive fit of passion; and with the mare in the stables at home, the beautiful, intelligent animal, ruined forever through a cowardly act of malice; the two blending so closely that he could not separate them, mingling with the stray words he had heard in the town of other and darker things than he had dreamed.

Then, like a touch of peace, came the thought of the two girls on the door-step, two such lovely, womanly girls, each with a noble soul, yet totally unlike, the one whose life had been set in among the grand mountains touched with their grandeur and nobility of thought and life, and to him the purest, most tender of women, the other proving her tenderness through all her life in the heart of the big city with its temptations and its evils.

CHAPTER XVIII.

Dolores and Dora.

"And you found Uncle Joe when every one else had given up the search," said Dora, softly, her eyes full of loving admiration. "How brave you are, Dolores. I would never have had the courage to do it, but then I'm not brave anyhow."

"Why shouldn't I do it?" Dolores asked quietly, turning her large eyes wonderingly upon her companion. "He is my father."

"Of course he is," Dora replied, with a nod of her bright head, untying the broad ribbons of her hat and swinging it around upon her knees. "Papa is my father, too, Dolores Johnson, and I love him; but I would never have enough courage to go off on a lonely dangerous mountain to find him if he were lost—no not if I had a dozen men to go with me. Suppose you had slipped over one of those terrible ledges Mr. Green told us about, or walked right off into a chasm when you thought you were in the path? No, I couldn't do it, ever, but I wish I were brave like you."

Dolores said nothing, because she had nothing to say. Dora must be a coward if she would not do that for her father; any of the women of the settlement would have done the same.

"Mr. Green told us all about you," Dora continued, "and I wished so much to get at you, but you would not come to me, and I could not come to you, and then the rain—oh, the rain it raineth every day, and I began to think I would have to wait a week at least, and the things Mr. Green told me about you who? he returned from here made me all the more restless and anxious to get at you, you poor dear."

"He saved my father," Dolores said, presently. She said it slowly, as though she were forced to say it.

Dora nodded. "I know it," she said, "the man who came over for the doctors told us about it, but you saved him more than anyone else, Dolores, and you cannot deny it. They'd never have thought of going over there to look after the deputies gave up the search had it not been for you."

(To be continued.)

COLLECTING FARES IN CANADA.

Method is Practiced, But Hardly Up to Date.

"There are all kinds of ways for collecting fares on the street cars, but one that I saw recently in Canada was certainly unique if not particularly up to date," says G. M. P. Holt.

"I was taking a ride on the four-mile trolley road running between Sherbrook and Lennoxville, in Canada. The first thing that met my eye on entering the car was the sign, 'Nothing changed over \$2.' I don't see exactly why they were so particular about the matter, as it didn't strike me that the class of passengers they were carrying was that which makes a practice of carrying 10-dollar and 20-dollar bills only."

"But what tickled me the most was the fare-taking that occurred soon after. The conductor came down the aisle carrying in his hand a curious looking arrangement that resembled a large, square 'dark lantern.' It had a handle attached which the conductor grasped, and when he shoved it toward my face and said 'fare' I perceived that it had a glass front and a slit in the top where you dropped your nickel or ticket, and then you could see the same go down to the bottom."—Springfield, Mass., Union.

Pittsburg Industries.

The Pittsburg district has more industrial superlatives than any other similar area on earth. It has the greatest iron and steel works, the greatest electrical plants, the largest glass houses, firebrick yards, potteries and at the same time is the center of the world's greatest coal and coking fields.

THE CAUSE OF SICKNESS.

Disease No Longer Looked Upon as "Dispensation of Providence."

It is one of the most hopeful signs for the present and the future of humanity that the more enlightened and intelligent no longer regard preventable sickness as a necessary evil, "a dispensation of Providence," or "the will of God."

We have grown wiser and less superstitious than were our ancestors, though ignorance and criminal carelessness are still engendering disease and transmitting it to posterity. Parents ignorant of, or indifferent to, the laws of health not only doom themselves to intense suffering, but, worse still, also condemn their children perhaps to lifelong invalidism, or hamper them mentally or physically, or in both respects for life. We see examples of this everywhere—chronic sufferers from hereditary gout, rheumatism, consumption and alcoholism.—Success.

THE MOST COSTLY KNIFE.

Elaborately Engraved Utensil Has the World's Record.

The most valuable knife in the world is to be seen in the collection of a famous firm of cutlery in Sheffield. It is large enough to fit the pocket of none but a giant and contains seventy-five blades, which close up like those of an ordinary knife. Each of the larger blades is elaborately engraved and among the subjects of these strange pictures are views of Sheffield college, the city of York, Windsor castle, Arundel castle, and a score of other famous scenes. The hfts are of mother-of-pearl, carved with great skill. On one side the artist has depicted a stag hunt, and on the other a bear hunt. When asked as to the value of this knife, the firm replied: "Well, we calculated it up to \$250, but that was before it was finished, and then we ceased to estimate what it had cost."

First Impressions Best.

Polly's godmother gave her a Bible when she was eight years old, and one day Polly's mother found her reading some passages in the old testament which were full of "hell fire" and "the wrath of God" and other appalling things, according to Harper's Magazine. The child looked up thoughtfully as her mother entered the room and said: "Mamma, I have always had such a very pleasant impression of God that I think I shall not read the Bible any more if you don't mind."

The Reign of the Tall Woman.

We are told that the reign of the tall and magnificent woman is over, and that the dainty, fairy-like, vivacious little person is in favor (says The Lady). This change in taste, if it exists, is due to the dressmaker and the short skirt. The tall woman is not on the shelf. Through the power of fashion she has learned how to look short. Trailing skirts give height. The short skirt takes it away. It is far more a matter of art than nature.

FALL KIDNEY CHILLS.

With the chilling air of fall comes an extra tax on weak kidneys.—It's the time Doan's Kidney Pills are needed—now recognized the world over as the chief Kidney and Bladder remedy.

Aching backs are eased. Hip, back, and loin pains overcome. Swelling of the

limbs and dropsy signs vanish. They correct urine with brick dust sediment, high colored, pain in passing, dribbling, frequency, bed wetting. Doan's Kidney Pills remove calculi and gravel. Relieve heart palpitation, sleeplessness, headache, nervousness, dizziness.

DESPERATE CASE. I could get no relief from the doctors. I began to improve on taking Doan's sample and got two boxes at our drug-store, and, although 65 years of age, I am almost a new man. I was troubled several years with a kidney ailment. I had to get up four or five times a night. That trouble is over with and once more I can rest the night through. My backache is all gone, and I thank you ever so much for the wonderful medicine, Doan's Kidney Pills.

J. H. HUNTER, President, Ridgeville, Indiana, State Bank.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

NAME _____ P. O. _____ STATE _____

For free trial box, mail this coupon to Foster-McLiberty Co., Buffalo, N. Y. If above space is insufficient, write address on separate slip.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

COMMODORE NICHOLSON OF OUR NAVY

Recommends Pe-ru-na-Other Prominent Men Testify.

Commodore Somerville Nicholson, of the United States Navy, in a letter from 1837 R Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., says:

"Your Peru-na has been and is now used by so many of my friends and acquaintances as a sure cure for catarrh that I am convinced of its curative qualities and I unhesitatingly recommend it to all persons suffering from that complaint."—S. Nicholson.

United States Minister to Guatemala Endorses Pe-ru-na.

Dr. W. Godfrey Hunter, U. S. Minister to Guatemala, ex-member of Congress from Kentucky, in a letter from Washington, D. C., writes:

"I am fully satisfied that your Peru-na is an efficacious remedy for catarrh, as I and many of my friends have been benefited by its use."—W. G. Hunter, M. D. Member of Congress From Virginia Writes.

Hon. G. R. Brown, Martinsville, Va., ex-member of Congress Fifth District, 50th Congress, writes:

"I cheerfully give my endorsement to your Peru-na as a cure for catarrh. Its beneficial results have been so fully demonstrated that its use is essential to all persons suffering from that disease."

Hon. G. R. Brown.

The day was when men of prominence hesitated to give their testimonials to proprietary medicines for publication. This remains true to-day of most proprietary medicines. But Peru-na has become so justly famous, its merits are known to so many people of high and low stations, that no one hesitates to see his name in print recommending Peru-na.

The highest men in our nation have given Peru-na a strong endorsement. Men representing all classes and stations are equally represented.

If women were unable to see the fine clothes worn by other women, there would doubtless be fewer wrinkles.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles. Itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles positively cured or money refunded. ALLEN'S DISCOVERY for PILES, a new discovery that absolutely cures all kinds of Piles. Prepared for Piles only. All Drug Stores, 50c. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address Lock Box 852, Le Roy, N. Y.

Only a foolish woman ever acts as if she had conferred a favor on her husband by marrying him.

IF YOU USE BALL BLUE. Get Red Cross Ball Blue, the best Ball Blue. Large 2 oz. package only 5 cents.

Only the insignificant man counts anything insignificant.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Secreting our sins will not slay them.—Ram's Horn.

Pain's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 322 Third Ave., N. Y. Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 4, 1900.

It is a loan on which you will never cease to pay manifold interest.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

Doan's Kidney Pills.

